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CITY EDITION

The Irish Times

PRICE 2D. (SATURDAYS 3D.) DUBLIN, TUESDAY, JANUARY 27, 1942. NO. 26,375

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U.S. TROOPS LAND IN NORTHERN IRELAND

SEVERAL thousand men of an American infantry division landed at a Northern Ireland port yesterday. They are combat troops, with the usual components of field artillery.

The commanding officer was greeted by the Duke of Abercorn, Governor of Northern Ireland; Sir Archibald Sinclair, the British Air Minister, and Mr. Andrews, the Prime Minister of Northern Ireland.

The news of the landing of the troops was given in Washington by Mr. Henry L. Stimson, U.S. Secretary for War, but the size of the force and other details were withheld.

This is the first American force to arrive in the British Isles since the start of the war, except for groups of technicians and staff officers.

The U.S. have given this answer within two months of Germany's declaration of war on America, thus fulfilling President Roosevelt's promise that American land forces would take their place in the British Isles. With the troops came the usual components of field artillery

AIR ACTIVITY OVER NORTHERN IRELAND

A joint communiqué issued by the British Ministry of Public Security and R.A.F. Headquarters, Northern Ireland, yesterday afternoon, states:—

"There was some slight enemy air activity over Northern Ireland this afternoon. Air defences went into action.

"No incidents have been reported."

Another Air Ministry and Ministry of Home Security communiqué last night says:—

"A single enemy aircraft dropped bombs this afternoon at a point on the north-east coast of Scotland. Very slight damage was done, and there were no casualties."

DUBLIN'S GAS

CALORIFIC VALUE DOWN

The calorific value of Dublin gas is to be reduced on February 1.

A statement by the General Manager of the Alliance and Dublin Consumers' Gas Company yesterday announced that, having regard to the type of coal now available, the company is unable to maintain the present calorific value of the gas, and has decided to reduce the "declared calorific value" from 450 to 425 British thermal units per cubic foot as from February 1.

It is pointed out that, as gas is charged for on a thermal basis, the price to consumers remains unaltered, and the change will not involve an increased cost to them. Although for any given operation the consumer will use a slightly greater volume of gas, which will be recorded by the meter, he will pay only the same amount as he would have paid for the lesser volume of 450 B.T.U. gas.

To illustrate the position—At present 4¼ therms, costing an ordinary consumer 4/5.1d., are equivalent to 1,000 cubic feet. In future, the consumer will use 1,058 cubic feet where 1,000 cubic feet has hitherto sufficed, but this 1,058 cubic feet will still be equivalent to 4¼ therms, and the cost will again be 4/5.1d.

An *Irish Times* reporter learnt yesterday that gas pressure in Dublin has been cut down to a minimum. In suburban areas many users have discontinued the cooking of dinners on Sunday, simply because their cookers cannot meet the demands for a meal. Instead, Sunday's dinner is cooked on Saturday.

The reporter was told that in the interests of economy excessive pressure was undesirable, and was being prevented. "If you have excessive pressure," an official explained, "people who leave fires burning will waste a great deal of gas, and pressure is being cut down to the minimum, consistent with an efficient service for the majority of consumers."

STRANDED SEAMEN

CREW OF ARRESTED SHIP

The boat had been arrested, the men were stranded in Dublin, they were getting only two meals of bully beef a day, and were very near mutiny, said Mr. Basil McGuckin, K.C., with whom was Mr John Farrell (instructed by Mr. Donal J. Delany), when referring to the crew of the s.s. Vicia, a Finnish ship now at Dublin, before the Master of the High Court yesterday.

Mr. McGuckin, who appeared for Achilles Herman, first ship's officer; Joseph Burne, second mate; Istvan Remenyi, radio operator, and Constantine M. Nantsos, second engineer of the ship, asked for an order fixing the mode of trial of their action against the owners and the master of the ship, asking, among other things, for a declaration that they are still members of the crew and that their purported discharge was illegal.

Some of the sailors were Norwegians, and some Belgians, said Mr. McGuckin. They had been asked to re-engage at other ports, and were willing to do so.

Mr. Vaughan Wilson (instructed by Messrs. D. and T. Fitzgerald), for the owners and the master, said that he did not think that there was any difficulty about the food now.

Mr. McGuckin said that the men had informed his solicitor that they were getting only these two meals a day, and that the heating was on only at night.

Mr. Wilson said that on account of difficulty in communications the defence had been delayed, and he asked for an extension of time in which to deliver it. The Master extended the time for filing the defence until next Friday.

SOLDIERS' ARENA

Handball alleys, a modern sports arena, tennis courts, a rifle range, and a new gymnasium are some of the features of the new sports centre which will soon be available for the use of troops stationed at the Curragh. The arena offers every facility for athletics —sprinting tracks, hurdles, etc. In the new gymnasium the soldiers will be able to hold anything from boxing tournaments to church services. In addition, it contains stage dressing-rooms and every other necessity for a successful "barrack variety," as well as facilities for basket ball, fencing, and many other forms of physical culture. The authorities have catered for the comfort of their men after their recreation, and a novel feature will be the provision of shower baths. The new gymnasium will be near the swimming pool, this being the first step in the proposed link-up of sports facilities.

PEACE CONDITIONS

"Some Thoughts on the Conditions of a Durable Peace" were submitted by Dr. D. J. Cannon, Kildare, last night at a meeting of the members of the Catholic Association for International Relations in Jury's Hotel, Dublin.

Dr. Cannon said that if Germany could be persuaded to become an equal partner in a Christian European Federation, animated by a common consciousness of its historical and moral unity, peace in Europe would be assured for all time; and with the co-operation of the peace-loving American nations they would be well on the way to a world-international order. The Rev. Stephen J. Brown, S.J., who presided, said that Dr. Cannon's paper was very provocative, and that was all to the good.

MINERALS FROM STOUT

The valuable carbon dioxide gas (CO_2), which rises from the fermenting vats of Guinness's brewery, is shortly to be tapped and compressed in cylinders by special plant erected temporarily in the brewery by Industrial Gases (I.F.S.), Ltd. Utilisation of what is in the brewery a waste product will supply more than enough of the gas for the country's needs.

Production of the plant, which is due to begin working on March 1st, is estimated at 200 tons annually. The gas is reduced to liquid form, and sold by weight, at a pressure of 1,200 lbs. to the square inch. It has many uses, which include the manufacture of mineral waters, fire extinguishers, refrigeration, and the carbonation of beer, and has further potential uses in industrial processes.

Illustrating to-day's spirit of industrial co-operation, the proposal of the present plan, which originated in the Department of Industry and Commerce, is said to have received the complete support of Messrs. Guinness from the beginning.

Carbon dioxide gas was formerly imported, mainly from England. The supply ran short in May, 1941, owing to unusual conditions. Mr. S. W. Aitken, managing director of Messrs. Industrial Gases (I.F.S.), Ltd., told an *Irish Times* reporter yesterday that a limited supply was still coming into this country under licence, pending the completion of the Irish plant.

"An enormous quantity of the gas," said Mr. Aitken, "is generated as a by-product of beer, owing to the sugar undergoing alcoholic fermentation. Normally it is not suitable for certain purposes on account of the flavour of fusel oil which permeates it, but our new plant will purify it, and make it suitable for all uses."

SUNK TANKERS BELIEVED

An official British communiqué says: "Two large and fully laden enemy tankers have been successfully attacked by submarines of the Mediterranean fleet. It is considered that both were destroyed.

"One was hit by three torpedoes, and the other, which had both air and surface escort, was hit with two torpedoes. A fierce explosion followed a short time after this tanker was struck, and it is likely that the vessel blew up.

"An escorted convoy of three medium-sized transports have also been attacked and torpedo hits obtained on two of the vessels. One was seen to sink. The Italian salvage vessel Rampino has in addition been torpedoed and sunk by one of our submarines."

CRIME INCREASING

BY A SPECIAL REPRESENTATIVE.

CRIME figures for last year are not yet available, but the tendency shown since the war began, combined with rough estimates based on the experience of last year, indicate that there has been a progressive increase during 1941. This applies particularly to indictable offences.

One of the remarkable features of war-time crime is the growth of juvenile offences, and the number of boys and girls affected has now exceeded one-third of the total of persons charged.

Harder times and psychological reactions to unsettled conditions leave a very distinct impress on crime statistics. For instance, indictable crime, which totalled 8,202 offences in the year when the war broke out, jumped to 9,014 in 1940, and were even greater last year. The most frequent type of offence was against property—burglary, housebreaking, robbery, larceny, embezzlement, false pretences, etc.—which advanced by roughly 800 in a total of 8,406 crimes of that type. Many of the offences against property, doubtless, were due to a scarcity of certain commodities, particularly last year, when foodstuffs were stolen in very many instances. With the increase in housebreaking, the value of property stolen advanced from £26,329 to £31,868, but £14,596 was recovered in 1940.

The larceny of bicycles went merrily on last year, and will continue until owners of machines make the utmost precautions a matter of habit. With a greater number of bicycles on the roads last year the disappearance of bicycles was higher, it is believed, than in 1940, when 1,532 were stolen, the rate being 30 machines per week. More than half of the total indictable crime in Ireland each year is committed in the Dublin area.

JUVENILE OFFENCES

On the juvenile side, by far the greatest proportion of offences relate to stealing, and the trend shown in 1940, when the boys and girls brought into Court were 200 greater than in the previous year, is continuing. Industrial and reformatory schools are being brought more and more into operation.

In non-indictable crime, of which offences against the Road Traffic Acts form the great bulk, there has been a rapid diminution in offences. There were over 18,000 less offences in 1940 than in the preceding year, owing mainly to the fall in traffic, and the fall continued last year. A very marked progressive decline in drunkenness has shown itself in the records for some years back, and, as far as the Civic Guards can discover, there are not 3,000 people in Ireland in a whole year who deserve to be charged with drunkenness. A few years back the number ran into double figures in thousands.

Sugar rationing in America will begin early in February. Each person will be limited to about one pound per week.—(Reuter).

RUSSIANS ADVANCE

MORE GAINS IN SOUTH

MARSHAL TIMOSHENKO'S armies are steadily gaining ground in new advances on a front stretching from far west of Tula—home of Russia's oldest arsenal—down south through the Donetz Basin. In one day's fighting, official Soviet reports state, troops on the south-western front—probably in the area around Kirov, 180 miles south-west of Moscow and the most advanced point of Timoshenko's advance — have reoccupied 16 inhabited localities and captured considerable quantities of material.

Further south, another substantial haul of German guns, other weapons and supplies is announced.

The German High Command's latest *communiqué* dismisses the Eastern front in five words: "In the East severe fighting."

The Russians are driving hard for four towns of major strategical value to the German armies, Velikive Luki, key railway junction, a few miles from the main line south from Leningrad to the Ukraine; Vyazma, at which Russian troops are thrusting from somewhere near Oshatsk, midway between Mozhaisk and Vyazma; Kursk and Kharkov, in the Eastern Ukraine, are all directly threatened. Besides these, there are Orel, encircled and left behind by Soviet armies pushing towards Bryansk, and 130 miles north-west of Moscow; the railway town of Rzhev, left isolated by the Soviet wedge driven westward between the Leningrad and central fronts.—(P.A. and Reuter.)

Two thousand populated localities have been freed on the Kalinin and Western front since the start of the Soviet offensive, said Moscow Radio in a broadcast to Germany last night. —(Reuter.)

SOVIET REPORT

The late Soviet *communiqué* last night states (according to Moscow Radio):—

"During January 26 our troops in fierce fighting, during which the enemy suffered heavy losses, continued to advance and occupied several inhabited localities.

"During January 25 twenty German aircraft were destroyed. We lost five aircraft.

"During January 26 four German aircraft were brought down near Moscow. In the Barents Sea two enemy transports and an escort vessel were sunk by our submarines."

The supplement states:—

"On January 25 Soviet air units destroyed 14 German tanks, about 450 lorries with infantry and equipment, 120 carts with war material, five field guns, blew up 20 railway trucks and two engines, dispersed and partly destroyed four battalions of enemy infantry.

"From January 18 to 24 the German Air Force lost 126 aircraft. In air combat 78 German aircraft were destroyed, 14 machines were brought down by A.-A. fire, and 34 aircraft were destroyed on enemy airfields. Our losses during the same period are 41 aircraft.

"On the Western front, Bagrov's units cut off the enemy's retreat and in fierce engagements 300 German officers and men were killed, and 16 enemy guns, 27 machine-guns, 76 carts with war material captured. On another sector a Soviet detachment repelled a counter-attack of an enemy battalion, captured two enemy tanks, two trench mortars and five machine-guns.

"On a southern sector a Soviet tank unit in two days' fighting liberated eight inhabited localities and destroyed 30 lorries with supplies, killing and wounding 300 officers and men.

"On the south-western front a Soviet unit annihilated 11 enemy machine-gun nests, nine trench mortar emplacements and one artillery battery. The enemy lost over 700 soldiers and officers. A group of Red Army men plastered with hand grenades the village headquarters of a German unit, annihilating 32 German officers.

"On the Leningrad front guerilla detachments annihilated in the last two months a German aircraft, two tanks, 75 lorries, 20 motor cycles, two A.-A. guns and a radio transmitter, and captured five wagons with war supplies, blew up seven railway bridges, derailed 32 trains, cut four lines, and killed 436 Hitlerite officers and men."—(Reuter.)

MR. CHURCHILL TO SPEAK TO-DAY

Mr. Churchill will make one of his momentous speeches to-day, when he opens the three days' Commons debate on the war. He will tell of his visit to President Roosevelt, and he will hit back at criticism of the Far East position—criticism which has assailed his Administration more severely than at any time since he became Premier.

A hint of the trend of his speech was given by his personal assistant, Major Desmond Morton, in London yesterday.

It will, said Major Morton, be "interesting, stimulating, hard in some ways, but very heartening in the end."

Mr. Churchill planned to follow to-day's debate by a broadcast, in which he would have reviewed the situation for the whole nation, but last night it was announced that, as he was not completely recovered from a heavy cold, on medical advice he would not broadcast. He hopes, however, to broadcast soon.

GREECE AND IRELAND

Miss Olive Purser, M.A., in a presidential address to the Geographical Society of Ireland, in the Royal Irish Academy House, Dawson street, Dublin, last night, referred to the resemblances between Greece and Ireland in configuration and in the simple traditonal mode of life of the country people, who form three-quarters of the population.

The following officers were elected for the coming year:—Vice-President, Professor L. B. Smyth, D.Sc.; hon. secretary, Mr. J. A. K. Grahame. Committee—Miss M. Fagan, Mr. A. Farrington, B.E.; Dr. P. H. Gallagher, D.Sc.; Miss N. K. Heavey and Miss M. Latimer, B.A.

LATIN-AMERICA AND THE WAR

RIO DE JANEIRO, Monday.—The Pan-American Conference unanimously approved the proposal to declare America and her Allies non-belligerent —a move which would permit Allied warships to use Latin-American ports.

A member of the Argentine delegation said that Argentina would flatly refuse to consider America's allies non-belligerents.

It was announced at the Dublin Rotary Club yesterday that a gift of two pounds of tea, one and a half pounds of sugar, and half a pound of coffee had been sent by the Nairobi Rotary Club for distribution among victims of bombings and other needy people in Dublin.

MORE MALAYAN TOWNS FALL

"33 JAPANESE SHIPS SUNK OR DAMAGED"

THE Japanese claim to have captured Kluang, Ayerhitam, Batu Pahat and Senggarone port and to be striking south through Central Johore on a 35 miles front, about 50 miles from the causeway which links Malaya with Singapore. British troops are said to be falling back on a line stretched from Ayerhitam to Kluang, and a fierce battle is raging along the line between these two towns.

In their western coastal drive the Japanese claim to have reached Senggarang, ten miles south-east of Batu Pahat, the port and airfield, which the Singapore communiqué admits has been occupied after severe fighting.

A Japanese convoy, including warships and two merchantmen, has been sighted off Endau, from which British outposts have already been withdrawn. The Japanese at Endau are about 80 miles from Singapore. Elsewhere, their nearest approach to the British base is said to be Kluang, about 60 miles from the city itself.

Official Allied communiqués indicate that 33 Japanese ships have been sunk, probably sunk, or damaged in the convoy which was attacked in the Straits of Macassar.—(Reuter and Associated Press.)

German radio claimed that Japanese 'planes had raided Port Darwin, Northern Australia.—(Associated Press.)

THIRTY-FIVE MILE LINE

TOKYO, Monday.—The Japanese claim that the right wing of their forces advancing in Central Johore had "virtually occupied" the British positions at Ayerhitam by dawn yesterday. A Domei despatch says that the Imperial troops are falling back towards the south on a 35-miles front from Ayerhitam eastwards. On the west coast Japanese troops had yesterday reached Senggarang, some 10 miles south-east of Batu Pahat.—(Reuter.)

SINGAPORE, Monday. — Revised figures on the results of air raids over Singapore Island for the week ending January 24 states that 25 Japanese 'planes were brought down by British fighters and ground defences for certain, with nine probables and others damaged.

During the period Japanese bombs injured 1,074 and killed 561, mainly civilians.—(The Associated Press.)

CONVOY ATTACKED

BIG JAPANESE LOSSES

General Wavell, in a *communiqué* from the General Headquarters of his South-West Pacific Command, states: "On January 25 action by Allied air forces against enemy convoy off the Macassar Straits was continued. American flying fortresses sank a large transport ship and scored a direct hit on one cruiser, while Dutch bombers scored a total of four direct hits on two cruisers and one transport. Further reports on the United States naval forces which attacked the convoy showed that five hits were scored with torpedoes apart from damage which was inflicted by gunfire. During the past 24 hours enemy aircraft have been active in small numbers over a wide area. In an attack on a Netherlands Indies aerodrome two enemy aircraft were shot down by anti-aircraft fire and one by a Dutch fighter."

The headquarters of the Netherlands East Indies forces at Batavia in a communiqué states:—"The enemy continued his activity in the outer provinces without obtaining definite results worth mentioning. A submarine of the Royal Netherlands Navy carried out a night attack on the enemy forces in the Straits of Macassar and sank one Japanese destroyer. Moreover, a hit was scored with a torpedo on a Japanese cruiser. As the submarine was strongly attacked by enemy ships, it was impossible to observe whether the cruiser sank as a result of this hit.

U.S. ATTACK BY AIR

WASHINGTON, Monday.—A War Department communiqué issued here to-day reads:—

"Philippine Theatre.—Fighting on the Bataan Peninsula confined to relatively unimportant skirmishes on the west coast and in the vicinity of Subic Bay. Delayed reports advise that the city of Cebu suffered an intensive air raid on January 21 (Wednesday). Eighteen enemy bombers took part in the attack. One small inter-island boat was sunk in Cebu Harbour. No other serious damage was inflicted. It has been determined that a large Japanese tanker was set on fire by our bombers on January 20 off Jolo, and ultimately sank.

"Netherlands Indies.—Seven American Flying Fortresses participated in an attack on January 24/25 on a Japanese convoy in the Macassar Straits, sinking one enemy transport and setting another on fire. A formation of Japanese fighters attacked the American bombers. Five enemy 'planes were shot down. All our bombers returned to their bases undamaged."—(Reuter.)

NEW LANDINGS

LONDON, Monday.—Tokyo reports a broadcast by the German Radio, which said that new Japanese landings had been carried out in Borneo, where an important town had been captured, and on an island of the New Guinea group "lying *en route* to New Zealand."

A Tokyo claim broadcast by the radio last night said that Japanese naval activities east of New Guinea and north of Australia were "proceeding in the direction of New Zealand."—(The Associated Press.)

RANGOON, Monday.—An R.A.F. communiqué states:—"An air raid warning was given in Rangoon to-day when 40 enemy fighters approached the city. They were intercepted by an A.V.G. squadron, which destroyed three enemy machines for certain, and probably one other, for the loss of one A.V.G. fighter. During the day our aircraft reconnoitred enemy territory."—(Reuter.)

WASHINGTON, Monday.—The Navy Department announces that the American 8,016-ton tanker Venore was torpedoed and sunk off the Atlantic coast on Saturday. She is the seventh ship to be sunk and the eighth to be attacked by submarines off the Atlantic seaboard in the past fortnight. It was stated that 22 members of the crew are at present missing, while 21 others were landed last night.—(Reuter.)

AID FOR AUSTRALIA

OTTAWA, Monday.—The Conservative leader of the Canadian House of Commons, Mr. R. B. Hanson, opening the debate on the speech from the Throne, urged the despatch of a Canadian division to Australia. At the same time he sharply denounced the Government's proposal to take a plebiscite to obtain changes in the conscription law to allow Canadian conscripts to be sent overseas.—(A.P.)

CHUNGKING, Monday. — Chinese forces east of Canton are continuing their advance towards the frontier of Kowloon, the Hangkong mainland territory now in Japanese hands. A communiqué says:—"Chinese forces, after occupying Tamshui, advanced southwest, pursuing the Japanese troops. The Japanese remnants are fleeing towards Shumchun, with the Chinese close on their heels."—(Reuter.)

AIRCRAFT CARRIER SUNK?

WASHINGTON, Monday Night—A Japanese aircraft carrier has been torpedoed by a U.S. submarine in the battle which is still continuing with Japanese convoys in the Macassar Strait. The U.S. Navy Department says it is "believed to have been sunk," and adds that a 5,000-ton enemy ship has been sunk by a U.S. torpedo boat in a raid on Subic Bay.

German radio quoted a Tokyo report claiming that Mersing, on the east coast of Malaya, some 65 miles north of Singapore, was occupied by Japanese troops last night.—(The Associated Press.)

Messages from New Guinea state that the Japanese are still active over the whole territory. They have landed substantial forces at Rabaul, in the Island of New Britain, where they are operating 'planes from land as well as aircraft carriers.—(Reuter.)

MINISTER AND CORK BOARD

Two members of South Cork Board of Public Assistance yesterday resigned as a protest against a decision by the Minister. They are Mr. M. J. Corry, T.D., and Mr. D. G. Buckley, T.C. The Minister removed the suspension of an ambulance driver at Midleton, holding that the punishment of the driver's negligence would be met by the removal of the suspension, the salary to be forfeited during the period of suspension.

Mr. Corry, moving that the Board refuse to obey the letter, said that if the Department was going to override such decisions of the Board the members might as well clear out. By eight votes to five the Board accepted the Minister's ruling.

The Board decided to ask Messrs. Corry and Buckley to reconsider their decision.

It was reported that the County Home had only a four weeks' supply of coal and two weeks' supply of petrol, and the Matron said that if they did not get coal an appalling position was likely to arise. It was decided to make urgent application for supplies of both coal and petrol.

DRIFTING MINES ASHORE

Drifting mines which were burst from their moorings by heavy seas are still coming ashore along the south-east Wexford coast. Terrific explosions, audible within a radius of twenty miles, have taken place. Houses have been shaken and windows broken. Many of the mines drifted in without exploding, and residents of near-by houses evacuated them in alarm. Military cordoned off the mines, while Army engineers dismantled them. A watch for further mines is being maintained by the military and L.D.F. between Rosslare and the Hook.

QUESTION OF LEADERSHIP

SOCIAL life cannot be reformed altogether from outside by the Church, the State or any such agency. The reform must be planned and executed in the last resort by persons acting largely on their own responsibility, and it must include a reform from within of our own minds and hearts, said the Rev. C. Lucey, M.A., B.D., St. Patrick's College, Maynooth, last night at the Mansion House at the opening of the Catholic Social Week organised by the Catholic Young Men's Society.

Every effort must be made to devise, adopt and carry out a workable programme of social and economic reform in accordance with guiding principles clearly outlined by the Church, said the lecturer. Real difference of opinion was possible and probable among Catholics as to the programme that should be adopted. No measure of reform could claim to be prescribed, or even endorsed, by Papal Encyclicals; but they should not allow leadership in our social, cultural, political, professional, business and charitable organisations to pass into non-Catholic hands.

Two tests had to be applied to every scheme of social reconstruction. Is the scheme in accordance with Christian principles and is it calculated to work well under existing social and economic conditions?

The Rev. Michael Courtnay Burke, seconding the vote of thanks to the lecturer proposed by Mr. John Close, said that he would not care to apply to Ireland the test of the Papal Encyclicals. We did not live up to our Catholic principles.

The Very Rev. Michael E. Murphy, P.P., director-general of the C.Y.M.S., presided.

B.B.C. DIRECTOR-GENERAL RESIGNS

The British Broadcasting Corporation announces that to facilitate the reorganisation of the Corporation, which the Board of Governors has undertaken to meet existing conditions, the Director-General, Mr. F. W. Ogilvie, has placed his resignation in the hands of the Governors, and they have accepted it.

The duties hitherto discharged by the Director-General will be entrusted for the duration of the war to two Directors-General jointly, and the Governors have appointed Sir Cecil Graves, hitherto Deputy Director-General, and Mr. Robert Foot, at present their general adviser on wartime organisation, to these positions.

Before his appointment as Director-General of the B.B.C., Mr. Ogilvie was President and Vice-Chancellor, Queen's University, Belfast.

RAIL RACING RACKET

Steps are being taken to kill the Black Market in G.S.R. tickets, which first became evident in the queues for the Red Cross 'Chase trains at Harcourt street Station last Saturday. Third class tickets to the course—normally costing sevenpence—were peddled at a shilling each, while well-dressed young men tried to sell ninepenny first class tickets at 4s. 9d., assuring would-be customers that this was the correct price and that they were not trying to make a profit. A G.S.R. official told an *Irish Times* reporter that the "racket" was probably organised by a gang, who bought tickets for the first tram, and sold them to the people, who were afraid they would not be allowed on the last train. However, we shall see that it does not happen again," he said.

NEWSPRINT

SHIPPING SPACE NEEDED

Unless the Government allow them shipping space the Clondalkin Paper Mills will be unable to import from Canada the pulping plant for which they obtained an option eight or nine months ago. This was revealed by Mr. J. J. Walsh, managing director of the company, who told an *Irish Times* reporter last night that had they had the Government's sympathy in the earlier stages of the war they could have got the plant.

"Whether we could get the option renewed I do not know," he said, "but if we had this plant we could do something to help keep Irish newspapers in existence. It would be inferior paper, but it would be white, and we believe that it would stand up to modern printing presses."

The possibility of importing blueprints had not been ignored, but here the difficulty would be to obtain someone in this country who knew something about the construction of a pulping machine. In addition, the technical equipment is limited, and, although there are machine shops, it is doubtful whether they could produce heavy machinery.

Mr. Walsh said that the plant would cost between £25,000 and £30,000, and, while the Clondalkin Paper Mills could not be expected to take all the risk themselves, it is thought that the newspapers, in their own interests, might step in and assist.

HABEAS CORPUS MOTION

The arguments in the *habeas corpus* and prohibition appeal in connection with the Devereux murder charge were concluded before the Chief Justice, Mr. Justice Murnaghan, Mr. Justice Geoghegan and Mr. Justice O'Byrne in the Supreme Court, Dublin, yesterday, and judgment was reserved until to-day.

The appeal is on behalf of George Plant, Fethard, County Tipperary; Joseph O'Connor, Brosna, County Kerry; Patrick Davern, Ninemilehouse, County Tipperary, and Michael Walsh, Kilmacow, County Kilkenny, and is from a judgment of the High Court refusing their application for an order of *habeas corpus* directing the Governor of Arbour Hill Military Detention Barracks to produce them before the Court, and an order prohibiting the Military Court from proceeding with their trial on the charge of the murder of Michael Devereux, petrol salesman, Wexford, whose body, with a bullet in the head, was found beneath a heap of stones at Slievenamon last September.

Mr. Lavery, K.C., and Mr. Sean MacBride (instructed by Messrs. Kennedy and McGonagle) appeared for Michael Walsh; Mr. Sean MacDride (instructed by Messrs. Lehane and Hogan) for the other accused men; and Mr. Joseph A. McCarthy, K.C., Mr. R. McLoughlin, K.C., and Mr. George D. Murnaghan (instructed by Mr. J. A. Geary, of the Chief State Solicitor's office) for the Governor of Arbour Hill Military Detention Barracks and the Attorney-General.

MILK FOR SCHOOLS

The milk shortage has not been relieved as a result of the Emergency Order made by the Minister for Local Government and Public Health, with the object of facilitating a greater flow of milk into Dublin City.

There was a slight improvement in the position yesterday, an *Irish Times* reporter was informed, but there still are schools which cannot get sufficient milk to provide the school meals.

The difficulty, it was stated by a distributor, is that the shortage in supplies is most marked in the country deliveries, due largely to lack of feeding, high prices which are inducing farmers to dispose of cows, and the indifferent transport. Emergency Orders will not bring immediate relief, and it will take some time before the milk supply becomes normal.

Road Outlay in Kerry.—Kerry County Council has decided that £43,824 be allowed for the 1942-43 road scheme, which is £5,000 less than the current year and £64,327 less than 1939-40.

ROMMEL'S THRUST INTO DESERT

AXIS TROOPS EAST OF BENGHAZI

STRIKING hard, with considerable reinforcements in tanks and 'planes, General Rommel is thrusting his flying columns north and north-east of Msus, with the evident intention of trying to nip off the whole of Western Cyrenaica, a Reuter message from Cairo announced last night.

If his move is successful, the British forces will be forced to withdraw from the fruitful hill country between Benghazi and Derna back on to the barren waterless regions of Gazala and Tobruk. Benghazi is threatened.

The two good roads between Benghazi and Barce are menaced, and from the position disclosed in Monday's *communiqué* it would not be surprising if the British withdrawal from Benghazi were announced shortly. The Axis have already come far from Agheila, but Rommel is bold as well as skilful and cunning, as his great raid into Egypt during the first part of the campaign showed, and if his supplies of petrol, water and ammunition hold out it would be logical to expect him to push ahead still further. The key position of Machili may be his next objective. In pushing into the areas in which he knew the British were preparing to mount an attack on him, he, doubtless, hoped to avail himself of some of the British supplies. It may be, indeed, that he has captured some of these supplies, and relied to some extent upon them to maintain the speed of his advance.

There is no tendency in Cairo towards excitement, much less towards despondency. Fighting is over a very wide area. Wireless silence is being largely maintained, and news from the battle area is still very scanty. Axis and British columns are manœuvring back and forth, sometimes in formations of small size, and, as at the earlier stages of the campaign, it is sometimes difficult to tell friend from foe until at very close quarters, communications between the fighting zone and the rear are irregular. The weather and visibility remain poor. All this contributes to the difficulty of getting a clear picture of what is going on, but it is plain that the battle is growing hourly in severity and in size. It is being bitterly contested on both sides.

The gravity of Rommel's threat is fully realised. The centre of fighting in Libya has moved to north and north-east of Msus, some 70 miles north-east of Jedabya.

The *communiqué* from Cairo states: "Fighting continued throughout January 25 between British and enemy forces over a wide area in Cyrenaica. The centre of activity moved north-east of Antelat, and, according to the latest information, our forces were in contact with enemy columns in the general area and north-east of Msus. Our air forces continued with success to harass enemy columns over the whole area from Agheila to Msus."

150 MILES ADVANCE

There is no detailed information in London regarding the battle, says Press Association, but the German claim to have captured 140 tanks is probably very exaggerated, it was authoritatively stated. There is nothing to suggest that the Germans have been able to land reinforcements and equipment anywhere along the coast, other than in Tripoli.

It cannot be said with certainty that the fresh advance made by General Rommel is a counter-attack, it was stated in authoritative circles. It may be a large-scale raid with the object of destroying British material for continuation of the British offensive. The centre of gravity is moving north-north-east, and the present positions held by General Rommel represent an advance from Agheila to Msus of 150 miles.

The battle, which it is thought cannot be long continued, is raging over a wide area from north of Jedabya, probably down to Saunnu. General Rommel may be trying to by-pass Benghazi, but, if he succeeds in getting further north, he may endeavour to occupy that port. Msus is 70 miles south-east of Benghazi, and 64 miles due south of Barce. The German general has presumably obtained considerable reinforcements, and has been putting into use damaged armoured vehicles which he had recovered. There is little doubt that British main forward forces are engaged in the present battle.

SERIOUS PUSH

Describing the fight in the Western Desert as a full scale battle, Preston Grover, Associated Press War Correspondent, in a message from Cairo last night, said that General Rommel's tank-supported troops continued to penetrate deeply into territory so recently seized by Imperial forces. Communiqués from the front were indefinite, but references in the Army and R.A.F. statements to various points of battle indicated that the enemy had swept into territory east of Benghazi, seizing roads and aerodromes. In the absence of other information, it was believed in Cairo that Rommel's original drive, intended only to be a "test" of British forward strength, had met with sufficient success, from his standpoint, to lead him to exploit it beyond his original plans.

Mr. Robert C. McKew, Irish Manager of General Film Distributors, Ltd., has been elected Chairman of the Irish Advisory Committee of the Kinematograph Renters' Society. He was Chairman in the years 1932, 1933, 1934, and Vice-Chairman in 1938, 1939, 1940.

"Doris has a Date - - - -

THIS IS WHAT SHE WROTE"

and when I told mother about our engagement she was thrilled! She gave me plenty of advice. The most important thing she said was:- If you want to keep your husband at home furnish the house well by going to Todd Burns. So Jack, the first thing I'm going to do when I go to Dublin is to call there!

All my friends were delighted with the lovely ring you gave me. It was

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PUBLIC AMUSEMENTS.

GAIETY THEATRE 7.30 — ONCE NIGHTLY. — 7.30. MATINEE WEDNESDAY AND SATURDAY, 2.30. JIMMY O'DEA in HANSEL and GRETEL. By HARRY O'DONOVAN. Booking Daily, 10 a.m. to 9 p.m.

OLYMPIA NIGHTLY AT 8. LAST WEEK. DUBLIN'S POPULAR PANTO, "DICK WHITTINGTON" With MICKY MAXI'S MINIATURE CIRCUS. (A Treat for the Kiddies.) Booking Daily, 10.30-6 and 7.30-9.30.

ABBEY THEATRE, At 8 p.m. New Production of "THE PLOUGH AND THE STARS," By Sean O'Casey. Box Office, 10.30 to 6. 'Phone 44505.

GATE LONGFORD PRODUCTIONS. TO-NIGHT AT 8.0. "THE SCHOOL FOR SCANDAL," By Richard Brinsley Sheridan. Produced by Gerald Pringle.

METROPOLE To-day at 2.20, 4.40, 6.50, 9.0. BING CROSBY, MARY MARTIN, "BIRTH OF THE BLUES."

GRAFTON Continuous 2 to 10.30. 2.5, 4.25, 6.50, 9.10. CHARLIE CLAPHAM, JOHN WARWICK, "MY WIFE'S FAMILY" The Laughter Riot of Stage and Screen.

THEATRE DE LUXE Dublin's Super Cinema—3.0-10.30 p.m. Ronald Colman and Anna Lee in "MY LIFE WITH CAROLINE." Gilbert Roland. At 4.05, 6.38, 9.10.

CAPITOL To-day at 2.55, 5.2, 7.9, 9.16. Dean Swift's Immortal Fantasy. "GULLIVER'S TRAVELS." A Full-length Cartoon in Technicolour. Hall Cafe and Oak Lounge Now Open.

CARLTON Showing at 3.0, 5.10, 7.25, 9.35. "HIT THE ROAD." Dead End Kids—Barton MacLane, And 9 Song Hit "SAN ANTONIO ROSE."

ASTOR Daily at 2.20, 4.35, 6.45, 9.0. 11th Week. "LOVE ON THE DOLE." "We would again recommend our readers not to miss this film." —Irish Tatler and Sketch.

CORINTHIAN. JOAN WOODBURY, "PAPER BULLETS." 2.24, 4.46, 7.8, 9.30. JOHNNY DOWNS, "REDHEAD." 3.33, 5.55, 8.17.

ASTORIA Dun Laoghaire. At 4.25, 6.55, 9.25. Frankie Darro, Joy Hodges, in "LAUGHING AT DANGER." Also "THE BLAKE MURDER MYSTERY."

GREEN 3.30, 6.15, 9.0—Gary Cooper, Merle Oberon "COWBOY AND THE LADY." Also Phil Regan, "FLIGHT AT MIDNIGHT."

ROYAL "Jan. 19th" at 1.50, 5.50, 9.20. "Boss's Daughter" at 3.10, 6.55. Ellen Drew, Robert Preston, "THE NIGHT OF JANUARY 16th." Brenda Joyce, George Barbier, in "MARRY THE BOSS'S DAUGHTER." 3rd Time Lockers! Happier . . . Gayer "OUT OF THE BOTTLE No. 3." 4.15, 8 o'clock. Introducing Ireland's Newest Discovery, CHRISTOPHER LYNCH, and a Galaxy of your Favourites.

REGAL BOOMS AT 2.30, 4.50, CINEMA, 6.40, 8.50. JOHN WAYNE, BETTY FIELD, HARRY CAREY, in "SHEPHERD OF THE HILLS." A 1,000 Thrills in Technicolour.

SAVOY At 2.0, 4.10, 6.32, 8.48. Great Stars at Their Greatest! BETTE DAVIS, GEORGE BRENT, MARY ASTOR, in "THE GREAT LIE."

ADELPHI At 2.19, 4.33, 6.47, 9.1. MICKEY ROONEY, JUDY GARLAND in LIFE BEGINS FOR ANDY HARDY.

PAVILION Dun Laoghaire. At 4.0, 6.30, 9.0. JEAN ARTHUR, Robert Cummings, Charles Coburn in "THE DEVIL AND MISS JONES."

REGENT CINEMA, BLACKROCK. Ingrid Bergman, Warner Baxter in "ADAM HAD FOUR SONS." Also "GIRLS OF THE ROAD."

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LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

SCHOOL MEALS

TO THE EDITOR OF THE IRISH TIMES.

SIR,—I am glad to see that the question of school meals is again being urged. With the price of fuel and food, many children in the towns must be going both cold and hungry to school, which is not a good way for them to start their day's work, or a pleasant thought for any of us.

School meals became general in Europe with the recognition of two simple facts: (1) a growing child needs food at regular intervals for body-building, which is going on all the time; (2) if the child does not get the food, it is impossible for it to concentrate its attention, and it is unfair to both the pupil and the teacher to have to try to control the lethargy of starvation.

Numbers of cases of insanity are brought on by overstraining brains weakened by underfeeding. The doctor of an asylum told me he cured many cases by rest and proper nourishment, and nothing else. One has only to read reports on tuberculosis to see how general is the opinion that underfeeding is a predisposing cause to the disease. Compare the cost of school meals and equipping more asylums and sanatoria, and one sees that school meals are really an important measure of national economy.

Long ago when I was working to get the English School Meal Act extended to Ireland, I visited school canteens in Italy, France and Belgium, and the sight of little Italian, French and Belgian children between the hours of 12-2 sitting down to good three-course dinners at properly laid tables filled me with envy and ambition for our own children. Each of those children produced a dinner ticket, and I was told blocks of these tickets were supplied on application to parents at the school canteen department of their municipalities at a minimum cost, and that parents whose earnings fell below a certain level, or whose family was extra large, got them free. A sensible arrangement about which the children knew nothing.

At last, with the help of the late Most Rev. Dr. Walsh, Archbishop of Dublin, the English School Meal Act was extended to Ireland. Unfortunately, it was made permissive and not obligatory in this country, or the question of school meals would have been settled once and for all, and we should not now be bothered with the old arguments that a midday meal would make Irish children lazy or might interfere with the sanctity of home life. This argument seems so inconsistent in a country which approves of sending children to boarding schools.

I hope welfare and health societies will continue to use the present emergency to get school meals established on a permanent basis, so that no Irish school child shall go hungry while there is food in Ireland to be obtained.

—Yours, etc.,

MAUD GONNE MACBRIDE.
Roebuck House, Clonskea,
January 26th, 1942.

"DEFECTS IN PRIMARY EDUCATION"

TO THE EDITOR OF THE IRISH TIMES.

SIR,—Your report of a lecture delivered by Miss Lily Mahon in the Presbyterian Association on the evening of the 22nd inst. is, I have no doubt, a correct, if incomplete, report, but it will, I fear, leave an entirely erroneous impression on many minds and in many quarters; that this is so I have been made painfully aware through the telephone these two days.

The impression is that the lecture represents the views of the Presbyterian Association and of the Presbyterian Church, or at least is approved by them; and second, that the view expressed by Miss Mahon has a foundation in fact. I feel it is my duty to correct these impressions.

I wish to say first of all that the Presbyterian Association takes no responsibility for the opinions expressed in lectures or speeches at its meetings, even if they are by its own members. Next, I wish to say most emphatically that the view expressed by the lecturer is not the view of our Church, nor, indeed, I am quite sure, is it the view of even a small minority, lay or clerical, of our Church.

Further, as one who has had a more or less intimate knowledge of primary schools and primary education in different parts of Ireland, and in different capacities, for over thirty years, I can dogmatically say that anything savouring of sectarian bias or nationalism, exaggerated or otherwise, has never once appeared in any school I ever heard of, no matter where or by whom managed. I myself have attended, during all my school years, two schools, one under Church of Ireland management and the other under Roman Catholic, and in all those ten years, from either teachers or pupils, I never saw or heard anything that made me feel I was of a different denomination from the majority; I know from personal experience that the same is the policy and the spirit of the Department of Education in Eire. In very intimate dealings with the Department over a period of years on many difficult and delicate questions, I have found them all, from the Minister down, the embodiment of courtesy, kindness and fairness, and I know this is the policy and spirit they insist on being carried out in all their schools.

I have no desire for correspondence or controversy, but I feel that it is only fair to all concerned that this should be said.—Yours, etc.,

J. A. H. IRWIN, Moderator of Presbytery of Dublin, and Convener of the Education Committee (Eire) of the General Assembly of the Presbyterian Church in Ireland.

The Manse, Lucan, Co. Dublin,
January 24th, 1942.

Irish Times

TUESDAY, JANUARY 27, 1942.

The Western Desert

There is evidently no doubt that the British advance in the western desert has met with a serious check—how serious, only time will tell. General Auchinleck's offensive made an impressive start. It lacked the spectacular quality of General Wavell's earlier offensive; but no student of military affairs could have been surprised, inasmuch as the previous advance had been against unprepared troops, ill-equipped in respect both of armament and of practice, whereas the latter was against seasoned soldiers, thoroughly practised both in "tank" and in "anti-tank" warfare, and, furthermore, was directed against an enemy which had possessed ample time to "dig itself in"—or whatever is the modern equivalent of the term. In spite of everything, the offensive was notable. Unlike previous movements, whether westward or eastward, in the Libyan Desert, it was subject to severe opposition, and made way in spite of that opposition. General Auchinleck and his men met the seasoned troops of General Rommel in fair fight, and drove them back. The race, for many days, was to the swift, and the battle to the strong. Cyrenaica was cleared of "Axis" troops, who retreated so rapidly as to lend colour to the British hope that Northern Africa would be within British hands in a comparatively short time. It is too early yet to express an opinion concerning the likelihood, or the improbability, that this hope will be fulfilled; but the prospects are less bright than they were even a week ago. General Rommel, after his steady retreat, has turned at bay. He had been driven round the south-east corner of the Gulf of Sirte—the great bay which bites into Northern Cyrenaica—and there was, apparently, no reason why the British pursuit should not continue, when various circumstances came to his rescue. In the first place, the weather fought with him. Violent storms prevented the British from overtaking his retreating columns, but permitted him, under their cover, to reassemble. In the second place, substantial reinforcements arrived, and placed themselves at his disposal. The result has been manifest during the past four days. Not merely has the British advance been halted, but a counter-movement has taken place: Jedabya has been retaken, and this morning's news indicates that the "Axis" forces are moving northwards and north-eastwards in the direction of Benghazi and an important point in the desert. It is too early to tell whether this counter-offensive will make any real difference to the course of the Libyan war, but no doubt exists that the Germans have recognised the peril to which a successful advance by General Auchinleck's troops would expose their cause, and have taken all possible measures to counteract it. Will the British authorities similarly recognise the peril to their offensive in the desert, and see to the immediate reinforcement of the Libyan army—unless, indeed, the fact is that General Rommel's counter-stroke has been nothing more than a flash in the pan? The Allies cannot afford to take risks. It has been pointed out that Germany was studying the technique of anti-tank warfare long before she was in any position to study the art of mechanised attack; and, so long as a single "Axis" division remains in North Africa, the Allied cause is threatened.

Dirt versus Clothing

It has been suggested on the radio that among the problems caused by the extremely cold weather which face the German Army in Russia is its inability to obtain supplies of soap at the front. A writer in the *Manchester Guardian* is moved thereby to write a "seditious" paragraph extolling dirt as an alternative to warm clothing, and quoting Sir Francis Galton in support of his theory. The paragraph points out that in many cases dirt can be extremely advantageous. Galton has it that "dirt and grease are great protectors of the skin against inclement weather," and observes that a dog will sleep in the open air in almost any weather without danger of catching cold so long as he is not washed, groomed or kept clean in any way. Similarly, explorers have observed that inhabitants of cold regions rarely wash themselves or change their clothes from one end of the winter to the other. While one cannot doubt that the theory is founded on fact, and that in these times of shortage, when it seems highly probable that one of these days will see a severe shortage of soap in this country, it contains much of a consolatory nature, it is a dangerous sort of doctrine. If this document ever should fall into the hands of children—especially children who for years have considered it a rank injustice that they should be forced to add to the rigours of the cold winter mornings by scrubbing their tender flesh until it is almost worn away before venturing forth into the freezing atmosphere—the result might be calamitous. The boy who never would learn to wash behind his ears could point out to his perturbed parents that this particular area of flesh is one of the few portions of his anatomy which is for ever exposed to the winter wind, and that, therefore, he is entitled to provide it with the extra covering of dirt which it requires. It is comforting, too, to know that, if the fuel problem in Ireland should become any more acute, we can solve it our own way by omitting to wash "for the duration" and, unlike some other countries, we would not have to worry about our national reputation. We have been called the "dirty Irish" for years without any foundation in fact; for a while we could live up to that title.

Lambs

From now onwards most of us watch out for lambs—that is, those of us who live in the country or are fortunate enough occasionally to get away from town. To see the first lamb of the year is even more exciting than to hear the first cuckoo. The cuckoo may be a pretty bird; but it comes comparatively late in the season, long after the first buds and flowers, and sometimes after the first dish of lamb has been eaten. The lamb, on the other hand, skips and plays right out of the heart of winter; often it is here before the primroses; it is a never-ending proof of the fact that the fairest children may spring from the most plain-faced parents—although it may be noted that the old advice to young men to look at the mother before marrying the daughter also holds good with sheep. A lamb, if it escapes being eaten at Easter, before long begins to look just like its mother. Tender, meek and mild are the epithets that have been used in description of the little creature, symbol of innocence, helplessness and submissiveness. Children delight in giving it suck from a bottle; the heart of an old man rejoices as the lamb skips beside its mother. Shakespeare wrote of the "ewe that will not hear her lamb when it baes," and sometimes in Ireland one still hears country folk speak of a lamb's "roaring" when it is bleating high and low for its dam. Nowadays the lamb has lost its place in literature; it seldom appears except in children's books. Nevertheless, people still are happy to read Blake's poetry, the best of which is full of lambs and pipers, and it has been said that the modern English school of poetry is greatly influenced by Blake—so that, perhaps, the lamb again will grace the poet's stanzas. Mrs. Hale's well-known rhyme about Mary and her lamb has suffered much through parody, and nowadays we hardly ever hear it said that a man should be as a lamb in the house and as a lion in the field. We are inclined rather to think in terms of cutlets and lambswool linings for gloves when we come across references to a young sheep, and it is only on such occasions as one's glimpse of the first lamb of the year that one is able to enjoy the little fellow as "he crops the flowery food."

COURT AND PERSONAL

The Duke of Alba, who has arrived in Lisbon, will return shortly to London.

Viscountess Milton has arrived in Dublin from England.

Sir Anthony Weldon spent the week-end in Dublin.

Lady Eleanor Keane will perform the opening ceremony at the annual sale of work in aid of the Dublin University Mission in Fukien, which will take place on February 11th and 12th, in the C.M.S. Hall, Molesworth street, Dublin.

Lady Athlumney was out hunting yesterday with the North Kildare Harriers, when they met at Corbally House.

Mr. E. J. Dease has returned to Celbridge, Co. Kildare, where he is staying with his parents, Major and Mrs. W. Dease.

Mr. and Mrs. G. F. Annesley are in residence at Bryanstown, Maynooth, Co. Kildare.

A marriage has been arranged between Lieutenant John A. Dowling, National Defence Forces, and Miss Elizabeth (Betty) Kielty, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Kielty, Navan, and will take place at Donnybrook Parish Church on to-morrow, the 28th (Wednesday), at 9.45 a.m.

The marriage arranged between Lieutenant Eoin Nolan, A.M.S., and Miss Rosaleen O'Reilly will take place on Saturday, January 31st, at Holy Cross Church, Dundrum. Reception afterwards at the Shelbourne Hotel.

Don't miss "P.C.'s" informal "Pretty Girls' Dance to-morrow night at Dublin's newest and largest ballroom, the Olympic. 9—2. 4/6.

Switzers are offering exceptional value in attractive Wool "All-day" Frocks, suitable for the small figure, at 55/-; also Tailored Shirt-waist Frocks for the larger figure, in small check material, price 59/6.

Leaders of Fashion in all Spectacle Wear—Dixon and Hempenstall, Grafton street.

Dinner Gown in powder blue silk/wool, with moonshine sequin motifs, price 9½ gns., at Slyne's, Ltd., 71 Grafton street.

Shoes for Men—A comprehensive range may be seen at Stephens and Bourke.

Luxury fleet of Cars always ready. 'Phone 52743. The Shelbourne Motor Co., Ltd.

Sharpley's, Specialists, Baby Linen, Nursery Accouchement Sets. Price List—2 Nassau Street, Dublin.

R.D.S. RECITAL

The recitals at the R.D.S., Ballsbridge, yesterday were given by the Griller String Quartet (Sidney Griller and Jack O'Brien (violins), Philip Burton (viola) and Colin Hampton), an exceedingly delicately balanced team whose playing bears that beautiful polish and delicacy that bespeaks long association. Their outstanding work was the Quartet by Ernest Bloch.

At night the programme included the Mozart Quartet in D minor, the Bax in G major Op. 1, and the Beethoven in E flat major Op. 127.

HIGH WATER AT DUBLIN.

	Morning.	Evening.
Morning	9. 9	10.10
Evening	9.41	10.38

AT OTHER PORTS.

	Morning.	Evening.
Ballina	2.57	3.32
Cork	2.12	2.51
Sligo	3. 7	3.37
Waterford	3.10	3.49

PACIFIC PROSPECTS

THREAT TO AUSTRALIA

BY OUR MILITARY CORRESPONDENT.

SELDOM, indeed, has any Court of Inquiry made so strong a pronouncement as that of the U.S. Special Commission in the case of Admiral Kimmel and General Short. "Dereliction of Duty" is about the strongest term that could be employed; and dereliction of duty on the part of the men at the top means, in effect, that the war-machine in question will never be so badly handled again. This, in itself, should reassure Allied opinion to some extent; because it means that the Japanese will not again be presented with such an opportunity for an unexpected success. This, admittedly, may be a curious way to look at the matter—but it is the plain truth, for all that.

Nobody at all in touch with the conditions of Pacific warfare could have expected anything other than initial Japanese successes. What could not have been reasonably calculated was the extent of the successes in question. We have been officially told—as far as the American share of responsibility is concerned—that dereliction of duty by the Higher Command was the cause. In the case of the British, it seems to have been a case of worse handling than might fairly be expected of whatever means were actually to hand on the spot. It is warrantable to assume that the future handling will be considerably better; and, indeed, visible improvement is already there. Much leeway, however, has to be made up.

AUSTRALIA

The fact that the initial Japanese successes were definitely more marked than might reasonably have been expected has resulted, among other things, in an assumption that Australia—if not, indeed, New Zealand as well—is in dire and immediate peril. In view of this it seems desirable to examine the matter in more detail; for there is, unquestionably, a tendency on the part of some at least of the Allied Governments to have their sense of proportion distorted in quite a considerable degree. Australia, after all, although the smallest continent, is still a continent, and, as such, cannot be overrun like, say, the Netherlands or Greece.

It was the Japanese landings in the Bismarck Archipelago that have brought matters to a head. These mandated Australian islands lie off the N.E. coast of New Guinea, which, in turn, is N.E. of Australia. But it must always be remembered that Pacific distances are in a class by themselves. Thus, Rabaul is distant from Cairns—the nearest Australian port—some 967 miles, or about the distance between Gibraltar and Malta. From the bigger ports on the eastern Australian coast—Rockhampton, Brisbane, Newcastle, Sydney—the distance is very much greater. Consequently, no form of attack except bombing raids is practicable for the moment. Rabaul is not yet even an advanced Japanese base of operations.

U.S. OFFENSIVE

This latest Japanese move seems at least as likely to be naval as military—defensive against the main United States Fleet, rather than offensive against the mainland of Australia. If the Fleet in question has the intention of advancing westward from Hawaii to the support of the other Allies, the only route now available is the round-about, southern one, via Samoa, Fiji and New Caledonia, and on through Torres Strait and the Arafura Sea. By occupying Rabaul they secure a valuable position on the flank of this route; while Rabaul itself is about 750 air miles due south of their existing base at Truk in the Carolines. The Japanese fully realise that—so far as naval opposition in the Pacific is concerned—it is from America rather than from Britain that danger threatens.

But even if we suppose a landing in Australia, how many troops is it a question of? After all, the defensive numbers of Australians must be close on the half-million mark. At least three-quarters of these are still in Australia—although, possibly, not quite as good material as those now overseas, though this is mere conjecture. It seems certain that any Japanese force that could possibly reach Australia must be heavily outnumbered eventually—even making all allowance for unsuitable railways. Of these Kitchener once wrote: "While developing the country, railway construction has resulted in lines that would appear to be more favourable to an enemy invading Australia than to the defence of the country."

The real invasion danger in the case of Australia would seem to be that of a big-scale raid, aiming to seize some point of strategical value for the general furtherance of Japanese strategy. Such points would be Darwin and Thursday Island—some 725 miles to the east, and, by that distance, the more vulnerable. Both of these are, definitely, isolated from the main centres, although both are of very great importance. It would be surprising, in the circumstances, if due measures have not been taken to adequately strengthen and garrison them.

Meantime, there is everywhere apparent a marked tendency to completely ignore all Japanese losses. Japan may, indeed, have made quite a large and appetising omelette; but she has, in the process, broken quite an appreciable quota of eggs. Toll has been taken by land, sea and air forces of all the Allies concerned. Quite an important number of Japanese warships—among them capital ships—have been sunk or damaged; the same is true of merchantmen, transports and fleet auxiliaries; some hundreds of Japanese aircraft have been shot down or otherwise damaged. And Japan is certainly less well situated to replace these last than Germany, for example. Losses have been suffered in the land-fighting, too; and losses so far from home bases are harder to make good. Nearly a month after the fall of Manila and Cavite, resistance continues on Luzon; while an unmistakable defeat has been met with in Central China. In fact, matters have not been altogether so one-sided as is usually believed.

JAPAN'S MAN-POWER

With reference to the army effectives at the present disposal of Japan, the following estimate is from a fairly well-informed source:—Manchukuo and North China, 15-16 divisions; Central China (Changsha, etc.), 12 divisions; Canton and Indo-China, 1-2 divisions; Malaya, 5 divisions; Philippines, 12-13 divisions; Japan and Formosa, 20-30 divisions. Total—65-78 divisions.

The margin—13 divisions, or 20 per cent.—is considerable; but the higher of the two figures is well within the capacity of Japan to maintain indefinitely. She could, indeed, double it easily as far as mere man-power is concerned. Other estimates have given a million as the strength in China. That would comprise independent brigades, and even smaller formations as well.

As regards the distribution, the figure assigned to the Philippines theatre is confirmed by the later statement from Washington, to the effect that the invading forces consist of the Japanese 14th Army of some 200,000 men. The strength given of forces operating in Indo-China and Malaya seems too low. They may since have been reinforced from the general reserve—most likely from Formosa. Also, it should be noted, that Thai troops are being utilised for the advance into Burma, which could be regarded as a sort of far-flung right flank-guard to the advance on Singapore.

IN CHINA

The Japanese armies are very widely spread—incomparably more so than those of their German allies. It is true they have not a similar problem of hostile population everywhere—not, for example, in Thailand, nor Indo-China. They have it, however, in China and the Philippines, and the seriousness of this will increase as they move further south. In view of this situation it was nowise surprising to find General Tojo, the other day, hinting at a cessation of hostilities in China. At the moment the China fighting is a grave handicap to Japan—and it may be this that has caused the advance into Burma.

For the first time the lorry-columns coming southward along the Burma Road have begun to carry a return freight—in the shape of Chinese troops that were "surplus to requirements" in and around Chungking. Now that the road has a measure of aerial protection it seems to be functioning more intensively. By the way, there is in preparation another route further west. This is the "Assam Road," which strikes west from Chungking and then skirts the border of Tibet to link up with the Indian railway system in the extreme north-east. The Chinese are working on this route with characteristic industry while the terrain is no worse than on the other route. The probable date of completion is not definitely known—but the trace is more remote from Japanese reach by over 500 miles of very difficult terrain.

ABBEY THEATRE

There was almost a first-night air in the Abbey Theatre last night for the revival of Sean O'Casey's four-act tragedy, "The Plough and the Stars." The explanation was that the play had been almost completely re-cast, only two of the original players retaining their old parts. Main interest fixed on how McCormick would do as Fluther Good. From the outset he gave a great portrayal of the lovable old ruffian, whose witticisms and humour mean so much in the play. Joseph Linnane, as the Young Covey, also made quite a hit in a new rôle. Denis O'Dea as Jack Clitheroe, W. O'Gorman as Captain Brennan, as well as M. J. Dolan and Eric Gorman—the latter pair in their original parts, did well. There was more difficulty in appraising the work of the female characters. Eileen Crowe's playing of Bessie Burgess, if less flamboyant than that of her predecessor, was none the less convincing. Ria Mooney, as Mrs. Gogan, gave a study of the charwoman that was really too true to type to be "good theatre." Something of the same might be said of Phyllis Ryan's playing of Nora Clitheroe. It was just too "refined." Kathleen Fawsitt got a lot of emotion into the part of the consumptive, Mollser, but her "make-up" was spoiled by marcel waved hair. Joan Plunkett, however, made quite a good impression as Rosie Redmond. Frank Dermody was the producer.

THEATRE ROYAL

Good quality entertainment comes "Out of the Bottle" at the Theatre Royal this week. Among many items that will be remembered is the singing of Mr. Christopher Lynch. Mr. Lynch has made much progress since he sang as runner-up in the Count McCormack competition, and has all the essentials for a successful career. Peggy Dell is quite at home with patrons of the Royal, and looks after them almost as if they were her special care. One of the best features on the comedy side is a slick commentary on the Irish Grand National at Leopardstown in 1950, and on the performances of horses such as Neutrality, Belligerent, Goodwill, Handy Weapon, Taxpayer, and forty others, ridden by well-known "jockeys." Harry Bailey is smarter than ever with new gags, and the Brains Trust go on being ludicrous. A first-class show is rounded off by the Violettes, Jimmy Campbell and the band, with the organ tuning in. Eddie Byrne is a first-class compere.

The feature picture has Ellen Drew and Robert Preston in "The Night of January 16th."

OLYMPIA THEATRE

"Dick Whittington" continues to attract at the Olympia Theatre, and Mickey Maxi's Miniature Circus, which was a special feature of the second edition of the pantomime is retained. Norman Barry appears as Dick, and Vie Kaye as Alice. There is a strong supporting cast.

THE SUN.

	To-day.	To-morrow.
Rises	9.19	9.18
Sets	5.58	6.00
Lighting-up Time...	6.28	6.30

ON THE WIRELESS

IRISH PROGRAMME

6.0—Clar do Scoilsiri Scol: To-day's Historical Picture. 6.5—Filiocht Ghaedhilge: Aindrias O Muimhneachain. 6.25 — The Weekly Competition, conducted by Niall Sheridan. 6.40—Stock Exchange, Sports Results, Official Announcements. 6.45—News. 7.5—Ralph and Chris Silvester. 7.25—"Bhi aithne agam air," Uimh. 4: Seosamh Laoide, Caint o Sheumas O Casaide. 7.45—Promenade Concert: Two Pianos. 8.25—New Short Story by Sean O Faolain. 8.45—"Music Room"—Madge Bradbury (Piano), Agnes O'Kelly (Contralto), Isidore Mahen (Violin). 9.45—"Making Up One's Mind"—Constance Powell Anderson. 10.0—Nuacht. 10.10—News in English. 10.30—"Ireland's Call to Arms"—L.D.F. Programme, with an Address by Mr. Oscar Traynor, Minister for Defence.

B.B.C. PROGRAMME

7.0—News. 7.15—Morning Star. 7.30—Exercises. 7.50—"Tune for To-day." 7.55—Prayers. 8.0—News. 8.15—Kitchen Front. 8.30—"Let Us Be Gay." 9.0—Organ. 9.30—"Essays in Adventure." 9.40—Studio Players. 10.5—Schools. 10.15—Service. 10.30—"Sing It!" 10.45—"Wise Housekeeping." 11.0—Schools. 12.0—Orchestra. 12.30—"Workers' Playtime." 1.0—News. 1.15—American Commentary. 1.30—'Cello Solos. 1.50—Schools. 3.0—Music While You Work. 3.30—Evensong. 4.0—Orchestre Raymonde. 4.45—"The Man with the Fleggis Face." 5.0—News in Welsh. 5.5—Welsh Children's Hour. 5.30—Children's Hour. 6.0—News. 6.30—News in Norwegian. 6.45—Can I Help You?" 7.0—"By Any Other Name." 7.45—Gaelic Concert. 8.15—Brains Trust. 9.0—News. 9.25—"Concerning Home." 9.45—Beethoven. 10.20—Evening Prayers. 10.35—"Famous Meetings." 11.0—Songs of Grieg." 11.20—Dance Orchestra. 12.0—News.

FORCES PROGRAMME

6.30—"Reveille!" 7.0—News. 7.15—Morning Star. 7.30—Records. 8.0—News. 8.15—"Let Us Be Gay." 9.0—Organ. 9.30—Orchestra. 10.0—"Accent on Rhythm." 10.15—Welsh Light Programme. 10.30—Music While You Work. 11.0—Anniversaries. 11.15—Revue Orchestra. 11.45—King Pins of Comedy. 12.0—Student Songs. 12.30—"Workers' Playtime." 1.0—News. 1.15—"Gilding the Lily." 1.35—Band. 2.15—Welsh Victorian Melodies. 2.45—Organ. 3.0—Music While You Work. 3.30—Dance Orchestra. 4.0—Orchestre Raymonde. 4.45—"These You Have Loved"—27. 5.30—"The World at War." 5.45—John Hilton. 6.0—News. 6.30—"Just Judy." 6.45—Golf. 7.0—New Zealand News-Letter. 7.5—Australian News-Letter. 7.15—Make and Mend." 8.0—"Record Time." 8.30—Band. 9.25—"Odes and Ends." 9.55—"Smilin' Through." 10.10—Organ. 10.30—Fred Hartley. 11.0—Close down.

MATINEE FOR TROOPS

Over two thousand members of the Defence Forces stationed in Dublin will be entertained at a special Matinée at the Theatre Royal to-day by Steel Products, Ltd., Carlow, in collaboration with the Theatre Royal Management. In the third edition of "Out of the Bottle," Peggy Dell, in her special "Melody in Pictures" feature, will introduce several martial numbers for the troops to join in a "sing song." The general public will also be admitted to the matinée, which begins at 2 p.m.

PREMIER ATTACKS B.B.C.

PERTH, W. AUSTRALIA, Monday.—A strong attack on the B.B.C., which he described as "too garrulous and frequently very ignorant," is contained in an announcement issued by Mr. John Curtin, the Commonwealth Premier. He blamed the B.B.C. for announcing his whereabouts when he had made a journey on essential national work. It was a lie to say that he was on holiday.—(Reuter.)

LONDON LETTER

59 FLEET STREET, LONDON,
MONDAY NIGHT.

THE two men most in the news at present—Mr. John Curtin, Australian Prime Minister, and his right hand man, Mr. Francis Michael Forde, who is Army Minister as well as Deputy Premier, are Irish-Australians. Mr. Curtin's grandparents emigrated, coming from Cork. Mr. Forde, a Queenslander, was successively a school teachor and electrical engineer before entering the State Parliament in 1917. He was elected to the Commonwealth House in 1922, and has been Deputy Leader of the Opposition since 1932. His wife is also an Irish-Australian, Veronica O'Reilly. Mr. Forde is a sound politician, who can hold his own in argument against the most forceful opposition. Like Mr. Curtin, he occupies a centre position on the left. Reports reaching here praise the A.R.P. arrangements in the State of Victoria, where Sir Winston Dugan, son of the late Mr. C. Winston Dugan, of Birr, is Governor. Educated at Lurgan College, Sir Winston fought in the South African War. He made his first real contacts with Australians in the Great War, when he commanded the R.I.R., then fighting beside part of the Australian contingent. Lady Dugan, an accomplished woman of great charm, was formerly Miss Ruth Lilian Abbott, of Abbot Abbey, Co. Cork.

In Canada

Canada has followed the United States in bringing in a sugar ration—but without ration cards. Each person, regardless of age, is allowed three-quarters of a pound a week, and the Government hope to save one hundred thousands tons a year as a result. The system of distribution is binding on every citizen, and has the force of law, carrying severe penalties. The card system was not used because it is cumbersome and expensive.

Duke of Alba

The Duke of Alba, Spanish Ambassador to the Court of St. James, returned to London to-day after spending fifteen weeks in Madrid. Before being appointed Ambassador three years ago, the Duke had been working as head of General Franco's agency at 22 Hans place, the famous house used by the Irish delegates during the Treaty discussions. The Duke is a direct descendant of James II. and Arabella Churchill, and his Stuart cast of countenance is unmistakable. He speaks English and French as well as Spanish, having been educated at Beaumont College, Old Windsor. Three of his ancestors have held the post as Ambassador in London. The first was present at the marriage of Henry VIII. to Catherine of Aragon, and the second attended the wedding of Mary Tudor and Philip II. of Spain. With the Duke has come his 16 years old daughter, Lady Maria del Rosario Gaystana Stuart y Silva, Marquesse de San Vicente del Barco, who is known as "Tana."

Mr. Churchill

There has been a big rush of M.P.s wishing to speak in the three-day debate on the war situation, in which Mr. Churchill will ask for his third vote of confidence. The Prime Minister will want probably two and a half hours to open the debate and a similar period to close, leaving some ten hours for private members. Mr. Churchill will describe his meeting with President Roosevelt, the plans for Allied co-operation, the Government's reply to Australia's request for more war equipment and direct ministerial representation in the War Cabinet, and will review the situation generally. He is determined that there shall be a division, and has thus spurned the advice of the Conservative Private Members' Committee.

Must Not Change

Irishmen who have come to Britain to work in recent months come under new regulations, whereby they must keep to the same kind of work as is specified on their entry permit, unless authorised to change their occupation by the Ministry of Labour. After six months the permits have to be renewed. An important regulation is that changes of address must be notified to the police, with whom the men register their names and addresses on arriving in an area for work. A young Irishman was fined £10 at Marylebone a few days ago for failing to register his change of address. Special Branch officers said he had been "missing" since early in October.

AN IRISHMAN'S DIARY

In the Queue . . .

A few days ago I wrote about the new civic pride—aided and abetted by a large and fearsome-looking policeman—which recently has caused the public to form queues while waiting for the 'bus.

The other day, however, I was waiting, patiently and obediently, in the middle of the queue, when a large and bulky female hove into view. She struggled to the fore-front of the queue, knocking several other people out of her way in the process, and planted herself on the edge of the road in front of the sign-post.

When the policeman—there was a policeman in the piece, of course—requested her to move, she became offensive. Why should she wait in a queue along with the weaklings? If she could fight her way on to the 'bus by the strength of her arms, nobody was going to make her wait at the end of a long line of children and feeble adults.

The policeman's attitude changed from tolerance to annoyance, and then to fury. Her voice rose, too. She would have the law on him. She would show him. And, when she realised that he was adamant, she announced in a loud voice that she proposed to walk; anyway, she was only going to Westland row.

She departed, bag and baggage, murmuring sweet nothings about the Dublin Transport Company and the Dublin Metropolitan Police.

So much for civic spirit!

. . . . But Not of It

Talking about queues, I heard a most enlightening little story the other day from a friend who has just been in England. Queues are all the rage over there; one even has to queue to get on to the boat coming back.

It appears that the queue was particularly long on the day he was returning, and an American woman arrived very late. She walked up and down a few times surveying the "line"—as doubtless she would call it—awaiting her opportunity, which came sooner than anybody expected.

The smoke-laden atmosphere and the strain of standing for a long time made a woman feel faint. The American woman seized her chance and rushed over to administer first-aid. In doing so she ousted the invalid from her place in the queue, patted her forehead, seated her upon a trunk in the corner, and took over the place in the queue herself.

That is probably what the Americans call "push"; at any rate, it is one way to get anything done.

Cork and Cairo

It is a remarkable fact that one of the pioneers in the study of Assyriology and Egyptology, and one whose work is at present recognised by the exhibition of a marble bust of him in Cairo Museum, was never in Egypt.

He was the Rev. Edward Hincks, for forty years the absent-minded but cultured rector of Killyleagh, County Down. Born in Cork in 1792, he entered Trinity in 1807, and obtained his Fellowship in 1813. Though his work won a world-wide reputation, his foibles were more generally recognised nearer home, for he was so absent-minded that he seldom recognised even his nearest neighbours. No doubt, his thoughts were occupied with the decipherment of inscriptions on the ancient relics of Egypt or Assyria.

His chronic absent-mindedness is well illustrated by one of the many authenticated stories told of him. He was travelling to Belfast from Killyleagh by coach when a wheel came off and a serious accident resulted, one outside passenger being killed and two others injured.

Dr. Hincks was an inside passenger, and was not even disturbed. He was found with his chin propped on his walking-stick, deep in thought, and, when asked to alight, remarked: "Dear me, I didn't know we were at Belfast already!"

Really!

I think we may take it that no special significance attaches to the juxtaposition of the following two items of news in the columns of the *Belfast News-Letter* last Thursday:

"In the year ended September, 1941, £300,000,000 was spent on beer, £25,000,000 on wines, £90,000,000 on spirits, and £300,000,000 on tobacco."

"Rates of subsistence allowance for the Home Guard have been revised. New rates will be announced shortly!"

QUIDNUNC.

HORSE-BREEDING IN IRELAND

WHEN IT BROUGHT TWO MILLIONS YEARLY

The golden days of horse-breeding in Ireland were recalled by Colonel F. F. McCabe when he lectured yesterday at the luncheon meeting of the Rotary Club in the Gresham Hotel, Dublin. "In those days," said Colonel McC

BIRTHS, MARRIAGES AND DEATHS

Announcements in this column (which in all cases must be authenticated) are charged at the rate of 1/- per line (minimum 3/-).

Irish Times 'Phone Numbers—Dublin (31 Westmoreland Street)—76555; Cork (15 Cook Street)—1506; Limerick (6 William Street)—472; Belfast (58 Donegall Street)—21787; London (59 Fleet Street)—Central 4350.

BIRTHS.

DALTON—January 10, 1942, to Catherine, wife of Alfred R. Dalton, 45 Convent road, Dalkey, a son.

VINCENT—January 19, 1942, to Isabella, wife of Berkeley L. Vincent, 96 Moyne road, Ranelagh, Dublin, a daughter.

MARRIAGES.

ROWLETTE and O'MEARA—January 7, 1942, at University Church, Dublin, James Rowlette, William street, Sligo, younger son of the late Edward M. Rowlette, Esq., Carncash, Sligo, and of Mrs. Rowlette, Wine street, Sligo, and Breda, twin daughter of Mr. and Mrs. E. T. O'Meara, Killough Castle, Thurles, Co. Tipperary.

SHEEDY and CASEY—January 20, 1942, at the University Church, Dublin, by Very Rev. Dr. J. Sheedy, P.P., V.F., Enniskymon (uncle of the bridegroom), assisted by Very Rev. Fergal McGrath, S.J., and Very Rev. Fr. Penelon, P.P., Mountrath, A. Gerald Sheedy, Solicitor, Mountrath, youngest son of A. J. Sheedy, LL.D., and Mrs. Sheedy, of "Seletar," Dean's Grange, to Lily, youngest daughter of Mrs. Casey and the late Wm. R. Augustine Casey, of The Mall, Templemore.

DEATHS.

ARCHIBALD (Descart, Carrickmacross)—January 26, 1942, Harriet, youngest daughter of the late George Ramsay Archibald. Funeral to Ervey Presbyterian Church tomorrow (Wednesday) at 3 o'clock (S.T.).

BORTHISTLE—January 26, 1942, at her residence, The Rock House, Perns, Sophia, wife of the late John Borthistle, at an advanced age. Deeply regretted. "With Christ, which is far better." Funeral tomorrow (Wednesday), 3 o'clock (S.T.).

BOYLAND—January 22, 1942, Rev. Albert Knox, M.A. (T.C.D.), son of the late John Newton Boyland, of 2 Belgrave square, Monkstown, for over 30 years C.M.S. Missionary in Iran, and lately Chaplain in France.

CARROLL—January 23, 1942, at Kylemore Morden Hill, Sedgley, Staffs., Kathleen, dearly-beloved wife of Dr. T. P. Carroll. Requiem, St. Chad's, Sedgley, Thursday morning. Interment immediately afterwards. R.I.P.

FINNAMORE—January 26, 1942, at 11 Prospect square, Glasnevin, Margaret Elizabeth, widow of the late Joseph Henderson Finnamore, of this city. Funeral to St. George's Burial Ground to-morrow (Wednesday), 28th, 10.30. "Underneath are the Everlasting Arms."

FOLEY—January 26, 1942, at his residence, Old Leighlin House, Leighlinbridge, Michael Foley. R.I.P. Funeral to Church at 6 o'clock (old time) to-day (Tuesday). Interment immediately after Office and Requiem High Mass, 11 o'clock (old time), to St. Brigid's New Cemetery, Leighlinbridge.

GASTEEN—January 26, 1942, at his residence, Clonard, Hill of Down, Co. Meath, Charles Kingston, beloved husband of Elizabeth Gasteen. Funeral to Clonard to-morrow (Wednesday), 3 o'clock (S.T.).

GOING—January 24, 1942, at Altavilla, Cahir, William Henry Going. Funeral to-day (Tuesday), January 27, 12 o'clock.

HARDEN—January 21, 1942, at Bengal House, Moreton-in-Marsh, Glos. (late of Orchardton, Dundrum, Co. Dublin), Susan Alberta (Tuie) Harden, in her 80th year.

HARRIS—January 25, 1942 (suddenly), at Clarkstown House, Drogheda, Reginald Anthony (aged 38), beloved husband of Connie H. Harris. Funeral (private) to Beaulieu Cemetery to-day (Tuesday), 10.30 a.m.

MacDONNELL—January 25, 1942, at Mount Offaly, Athy, Patrick John De Courcy MacDonnell. R.I.P. Funeral private.

MORAN—January 25, 1942 at his residence, 27 Cremore road, Glasnevin, Dublin, Richard, son of the late Peter and Annie Moran, Blackwater, Ratoath, and brother of the Rev. J. E. Moran, C.M., Philadelphia. Deeply regretted. Funeral strictly private. No flowers. R.I.P.

PIELOW—January 26, 1942, at her residence, Tomdarragh, Roundwood, Co. Wicklow, Margaret, widow of the late Thomas Pielow. Deeply regretted. Funeral leaves at 1 o'clock to-morrow (Wednesday), 28th, to Rathdrum.

ROUNTREE—January 26, 1942, suddenly, at his residence, Ballycartian, Magheracloone, Alexander Rountree. Funeral to-morrow (Wednesday), 2 o'clock, to Kingscourt Church.

RUTHERFORD—January 26, 1942, at The Green, Derryogue, Kilkeel, Co. Down, Rev. James S. Rutherford, M.A., Minister of Kingstown Presbyterian Church, twin son of the late Mr. and Mrs. William Rutherford, 6 College Green, Belfast. No flowers and no mourning, by his own earnest wish. Friends will be welcome at a Service in Fisherwick Church, Belfast, at 2 o'clock to-morrow (Wednesday).

ANNOUNCEMENTS received late for this Column will be found on Page 2.

ACKNOWLEDGMENT.

Mr. and Mrs. Wright, Martello House, wish sincerely to thank all friends for their kind sympathy.

IN MEMORIAM.

ALLEN—To the beloved memory of the Rev. John Allen, 25th January, 1937. "Until the day break."

BLACKHAM—In memory of our darling mother, Phebe Ann Blackham, who entered into rest on 27th January, 1932. Inserted by her loving daughters, Harriett and Muriel.

BRUTON—Third Anniversary — In loving memory of Mrs. Christina Bruton, of Dale-View, Palmerstown, Co. Dublin, who died on 27th January, 1939. R.I.P. Masses offered.

BYRNE—Third Anniversary — In loving memory of Thomas Joseph Byrne, 11 Terenure road, East, Dublin, who died on 27th January, 1939. Masses offered.

GLOSTER—To the dear memory of my husband, Arthur James Gloster, M.A., T.C.D., who passed away on January 27th, 1931. "Until the day break and the shadows flee away." Mizpah.—A. L. G.

LUTTRELL—In ever-loving memory of my dear husband, George Luttrell, who passed peacefully away January 25th, 1940. "For ever with the Lord."

ROCKER—In ever-loving memory of my dearly-loved husband, Frederick (Fred.), called Home 27th January, 1941. God's finger touched him and he slept." Sadly missed by his loving family.

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SPECIAL CRIMINAL COURT

When charges were preferred against two young Cork men, Denis J. Kennefick, 16 Roche's Buildings, and Donald Keane, 112a Old Youghal road, at the Special Criminal Court at Collins Barracks yesterday, the Court decided to hear the charges on Friday next, January 30, the date already fixed for the hearing of other charges against the same two men.

Kennefick was charged with having, on December 2 last, with other persons not in custody, demanded, with intent to steal, a revolver from Mary T. Scully. Keane was charged with having in his possession a document likely to prejudice the public safety or the preservation of the State.

Mr. R. P. Humphries (Chief State Solicitor's Office) prosecuted.

MISCELLANEOUS

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CRUISKEEN LAWN

By MYLES NA gCOPALEEN

Deineann rpaján cpom cpoibe éacpom acc deineann cnúpcín lán ceann éacpom (ar ne meán peiú). Léiżeap żac bpóin comáid acc léiżeap żac brownshirt comrade. Ni baoi żo mnaoi bpoc-méinne ażur ni Gun ga Din.

Slánaibile: Cod ay soh?
Mire: Seo é cod.

MOLAD.

Tá paocan mait eagapcóipeacta béanca aż Meabó Ni Cléipiż, mar acá, "Caiżpea na gCuan". Tá an Sám tapéip cló oo cup ap an pcéalaioc ro agup tá béanam neam-coicciúnca caicneamac ap an leabpán: go beimin, tá pé "cuanna ceapc-cumca."

Daineap éipn agp-caicneam ap. ÁRD-caicneam, óip pcéalta niop aoibne ná na pcéalta ro niop teiż aoinne riam. Ón cé ap leip an Láimpcpibinn (acá beagnac 200 bl. o'aoip) .i. Eavbaile Ua hAodaiú, pcnioó pé nóca map teanap uipti:

"Siad ro bpéigeab ooo éugramlaiżce oo pcnioóad ainiu. A Léiżeoin, má cheroeann cú an-aimpcean pan pcaċ-pa aip noiaiż, ni cual cuic gan a beit oo Chiorcaiżce mait mar cheroeann oo-gnio beaouine, Eavbaile Ua hAodaiú."

Ni na bpéaga céanna an pud ip impéipe pa leabap ro acc an péimpaeoiú uarat ina bpuileabap páipce.

Táimic na cupaio tá an péipc abi niop puipde ná "ó Caitean go muin aiż Reannuid Doinne"; ċaic an cpéacúp po a cuid ama aż pubaio ipteac cuici caiżain an aeip le n-a h-anáil agup éan a o'éalaiż ón ngob annálaċ, ġaó an piapc le n-a puball é. Daoine boiceallaca a main pa ceanntap po, ip poillur, óip "niop mipoe le tuic na cipe pin dá bpuileamaoir pip an bpéipo aip a n-olcap mup Daoine."

ceacc.

Da mait an pud da gcuipi opiacaid ap gac pcnioónóip Saeoilge an leabap po a mion-léiżeann agup a poġluim i ocpeo ip go bpuileab pé cuigpinc éigin an ceapc-out na deaż-Saeoilge pul ap cnuaillżeaó i le na licpiċeóiri nać bcuiżeann a żceápo ná póp buaó na h-uile-laċca; ġo n-aimpce na pabaipc ġo ón nSaeżaċc. Slac an abaipc seo:

"Agup lá n-aoin oá pabap péin agap m'innic coimheaca aiż Eabáil Aoibinn agup aeioh cnáża na maoa, oo cimio cuġainn oo coip na cuinne abac nán móp méao, agap gan puainne pain a ceann, agap go mao eile nó pneacta aon-oióce ó cuaiż gnúp, polc agap choiceann na geine bige pin; agap peaoán pionn-aingio mup ċuiple ciúil aige."

Má cuimeann cú Saeoilg liceapóa an Lae inniu an an méio pin, ġeobaió cú pmuż-páiméip cócac éigin map seo:

"Lá amáin bí mé péin agup an muinntip coimheacta aói le mo coip ciop pá'n cnáiż aż leigint an peirce, an án paimin popa agup aż caiteam aimpine oúinn péin, nuair a connaic muid aż ceacc nap n-aipcip an bpuaċ na maoa peap beag bioeac nać paib coipc onóióe ann, pómpa airteac nać bpeicceá poin reacap riam, gan paic na pnióne oe haca an a ceann agup leaba da gile ná pneacta aéaio, gnuais agup chaiceann an úrúlaiż big reo, cibé áit an ooman a bruaip pé iad, an bóiż na nóiżeann agup ó caob na bcaobann agup abaio uainn uile a' onoc-piuo, a'am-pá a cá', nó connaic mé é le mo púil péin; agup bi pioeos béanca de aingeap geall aige map gleap le port a canrtain, bi pin."

Má geibim bár, abair gun caċcaó le morcaip mé.

AS FEACAINC SIAR.

"Salan an Óil—Di chuinniugad móp śconcais an oróce pé deireap, pé cúpam Cumainn Meapaiódacta na hÉireann. Do labain an Slónac ann, an feirpine anpop ó toccap na hÉireann. Di món-cuid le cur riop aige an salan mandúiżeac go léir acá ná béanann aige 'nán mears. Dubaine pé gur ċeapc cornugad a béanam leip an aon óś agup a cur n-a luige onca an t-ól a peaċaine—ná tiocpad aon nać ná péan com ċig go oci go mbeaó óige na hÉireann oiite" i gceapc an a nouaisap oá ceil i gcoiceann ceipce an oláċáin. Im cuimpe, baó ceapc pnaic ceaċcanna an ceipc na mearaiódacta do leoġainc amac i gcomain pé ngolaibéaca an aora óś, agup a cur o'piaċaine an na leanbaib geall a cabaipc uaca i n-agaid an óil."

—"An Claideam Solais," 1907.

*Nó ólca?

DUBLIN PLOUGHING CHAMPIONSHIP

The membership of the team which will represent Co. Dublin in the coming national ploughing championship was decided at Esker, Lucan, Co. Dublin, yesterday, when the Co. Dublin championship match was held.

The following were the results:—

Class 1—1, L. Tyrrell, Celbridge; 2, T. Tyrrell, Celbridge; 3, J. Duff, Glasnevin; 4, tie—D. Dunne, Rathcoole, and W. Corr, Rialto.

Class 2—1, J. Brady, Kilteale, Rathmore (two entries).

Class 3—1 (and prize for competitor under 21), E. Byrne, Shankill; 2, M. Byrne, Colock; 3, J. Campion, Lucan. "Star" plough prize—E. Garrigan, Swords.

The Co. Dublin team is thus—L. Tyrrell, T. Tyrrell, J. Duff, and E. Byrne. The judges were—Messrs. H. Pierce, Wicklow; T. Smyth, Dundalk, and W. Ward, Lucan.

SOLDIER IN TROUBLE

Private Michael P. Malone, a native of Leitrim, was put back until to-day by Judge Davitt, in the Dublin Circuit Criminal Court, Dublin, yesterday, when found guilty of having, on December 11th last, maliciously broken a window valued at £21 12/- and damaging a window blind valued at £3 10/-, in the drapery shop of Mrs. Bridges Tuohy, draper, Merrion road, Ballsbridge.

Malone, in a statement to the Guards, stated that he had nine pints on that night and was not quite clear as to what happened, but he believed that he hit some glass.

Mr. Farrell (instructed by the Chief State Solicitor) prosecuted.

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D'[illegible] DUBLIN AGENTS

"[illegible] find it will be [illegible] NED OUT [illegible] CE AGAIN" GEORGE FORMBY the ADELPHI FRIDAY NEXT

FROM THE LEGAL DIARY

LAW COURTS—TUESDAY, JANUARY 27.

SUPREME COURT (CUIRT BHREITHIUNAIS UACHTARACH (The Supreme Court).

10.30 o'clock. For Judgment—The State (Ryan and others) v. Lennon and others (on behalf of Michael Walsh) (at hearing); same v. same (appeal on behalf of Mrs. O'Connor and Davern) (at hearing). Hearing—In re W. Comp. Act, 1936, the Timode Brick and Tile Co., Ltd. (to be heard).

HIGH COURT (CUIRT BHREITHIUNAIS UACHTARACH (The High Court).

Court 2. The Hon. Mr. Justice Gavan Duffy at 11.30 o'clock. Motion—The Bank of Ireland and Leinster Bank, Ltd., v. [illegible] and others.

Court 6. The Hon. Mr. Justice Black, at 10 o'clock. Motion—Beaumont v. Figgis. JURY ACTIONS.

Court 1. The Hon. the President, at 11 o'clock—Cahalan v. Dann; Hussey and others v. Callan; Breen v. the Dublin Press and Mail, Ltd.

Unsworn Nurses are required to attend in Court 1 at 11 o'clock this morning.

In Court 4. The Hon. Mr. Justice Maguire at 11 o'clock—O'Neill v. Gannon (hearing); Dolan v. D.U.T.C., Ltd.

Special Jury sworn in the above case at hearing are required to attend in Court 4 at 11 o'clock this morning.

KING'S INNS MHAISTIR-MHEASAIREACHTA (The Visiting Master's Office).

Master O'Hanlon, at 11 o'clock. Ex Parte Taxations—McKenna v. McKenna, J. Fagan; Roscommon Board of Health, J. A. Councillan.

Master Kennedy, at 11 o'clock—Murdoch v. Lambe, P. C. L. Halpenny; Kearns, dec'd., P. C. L. Halpenny; Begley v. Hugh, G. Maguire.

CHIEF OIFIG AN SCRUDORA. (The Examiner's Office.)

Before Mr. Adderley (Room 103), at 11 o'clock—Hibernian Bank, Ltd., v. Nyl.

Before Mr. Greville (Room 103), at 11 o'clock—Northern Bank, Ltd., v. Saunders; Rev. Canon Thomas Boland, decd., Boland v. Harte; O'Brien v. Lillis; Co.'s Act and Todhia Printing Co., Ltd.; E. Smith, decd., Hanston v. Smith.

Before Mr. Murtagh (Room 108), at 11 o'clock—Sampson v. Nealon.

Before Mr. Scanlon (Room 106), at 11 o'clock—National Bank, Ltd., v. Buckley.

COIMISIUN TALMHAN NA hEIREANN. (Irish Land Commission.)

(At Examiners' Chambers, 93 Merrion Square.)

Before Mr. Grove-White, at 11 o'clock—Estate of Fiolliott, vouch.

Before Mr. Sullivan, at 11 o'clock—Estate of Doyne, vouch. At 12 o'clock—Estate of Kennan, settle schedule.

Before Mr. Ryan, at 11 o'clock—Estate of Bridget Goggins, settle schedule.

Before Mr. Tyrrell, at 11 o'clock—Estate of O'Hanlon (Gerraghty's rent), discharge ruling and settle schedule.

Before Mr. Spain, at 11 o'clock—Estate of Barton, discharge ruling. At 3 o'clock—Estate of Edith J. Thompson (Hamilton's rent), discharge ruling.

(At 6 Hume street.)

Before Mr. O'Byrne, at 11 o'clock—Estate of Hinds, vouch guarantee deposit.

CIRCUIT CRIMINAL COURT. (Green Street Courthouse, Dublin.)

This day at 11 o'clock a.m. Jurors Nos. 1 to 150 must attend. Absent jurors will be fined.

AN CHUIRT BHREITHEAMHNAIS CHUARDA. (Circuit Court of Justice.)

Before Judge Shannon, at the Law Courts, Chancery place, at 11 o'clock. Motions—O'Neill v. Ryan (equity); Casey v. Madden and another. Applications for Summary Judgment—Gainsford v. Nugent; Dalton v. McCormack, Music and Singing Classes; Daniel McAllister, applicant; Percy Winder Whittle, applicant. Ejectments—Kirk v. Purtill; Doyle v. Balfe; Irish Civil Service (Perm.) Building Society v. Marley; Finnegan v. Digan and another; Irvine v. Zlotover (discontinued); Tighe v. Legal Representative of Julia O'Dowd, decd., and others; Boyle v. Cashin; Cashin v. Boyle (Rent Act); Workingmen's Benefit Building Society v. Murray; same v. Flood; Fagan v. Connolly.

AN CLARATHOIR CONTAE. (The County Registrar.)

At 12.30 o'clock.—Taxation of Costs—Cameron v. Fagan.

CUIRT DUITHCHE NA CATHRACH. (Metropolitan District Court.)

At Morgan place. Before Mr. T. G. O'Sullivan, at 10.30 o'clock—Undefended civil processes; undefended civil processes adjourned from previous Sessions; undefended ejectment processes adjourned from previous Sessions; defended civil processes; defended ejectment processes.

LATE MR. D. McGRATH'S WILL

BEQUEST HELD VALID

(BEFORE MR. JUSTICE GAVAN DUFFY.)

A declaration was given that a bequest in the will of Daniel McGrath, a native of Bagenalstown, and late of Bachelor's Walk, Dublin, who died on July 26 last, was a valid charitable bequest, and it was directed that a scheme should be settled for carrying it into effect.

It appeared that Mr. McGrath left estate valued at £93,000, and that by his will, of January 27, 1939, he directed that three-fourths of his residuary estate should be expended in such improvements in the town of Bagenalstown, County Carlow, as should be approved by his executors and trustees. He suggested the building of a town hall, or a library, or the provision of a sports field, or a scheme to provide marriage portions of £25 each for poor, deserving Catholic girls born and baptised in the parish of Bagenalstown.

Mr. Maurice Walker, K.C., and Mr. Newell (instructed by Messrs. Gore and Grimes) appeared for the executors and trustees; the Bank of Ireland and Mr. Edmond McGrath, Bachelor's Walk, Dublin; Mr. McEnery, K.C., and Mr. Budd (instructed by Mr. James Cody), for the Very Rev. A. Lynam, P.P., and Very Rev. J. Brown, Thomas Connelly and John J. Sheill, all of Bagenalstown, memorial trustees under a suggested scheme; and Mr. Frank Sweeny (instructed by Mr. John S. O'Connor) for the Attorney-General.

FALL FROM A TRAMCAR

(BEFORE THE PRESIDENT OF THE HIGH COURT AND A JURY.)

By direction, the jury found in favour of the Dublin United Transport Company in an action which was brought against them by Mrs. Rebecca Brodie, Grove Park, Rathmines, claiming damages for the death of her husband, Nathan, who died following injuries received when he fell from a tramcar at Portobello Bridge, Dublin, on October 14, 1940.

The company denied negligence on their part.

A Civic Guard gave evidence of having seen Mr. Brodie lying on the road, and of having taken a statement from him.

After legal argument, the President held that the statement was inadmissible in evidence, and as there was no further evidence on the issue of negligence he gave the direction.

Mr. Cawley, K.C., and Mr. Joshua Baker (instructed by Messrs. Herman Good and Co.), appeared for Mrs. Brodie; and Mr. Costello, K.C.; Mr. Lavery, K.C., and Mr. P. McGilligan (instructed by Messrs. James O'Connor and Co.), for the company.

OLD DUBLIN "PUBS"

Just imagine a Dublin without licensing laws, where pubs opened and closed when they liked, where "gentlemen or others" could get "drunk for a penny, or dead drunk for twopence, with clean straw for nothing."—Dublin known as "The City of Wine Flasks," supporting 91 brew houses and 1,180 ale houses. That was the shape of things 250 years ago and formed the basis of a lecture by Mr. J. J. Bouch, of the National Library of Ireland staff, to the Old Dublin Society last night.

Mr. Bouch expressed regret at the departure of many of the old habits associated with the old Dublin "pub"—the free biscuits and cheese, free raspberry drinks for children, sand giving way to sawdust, oak and mahogany to marble and chromium, the snug to the lounge and smokeroom, the old skittle alley and ball court going out to make room for the more homely game of rings.

UNIV. ENTRANCE Successes in latest exam.—L. Hughes, L. Cogan, G. Lynch, J. Wilson, Miss M. Ellis. Tutorial School, 28 Leinster road. Simplified individual tuition. All usual exams.—(Advt.)

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OBITUARY

THE REV. JAMES S. RUTHERFORD, M.A.

The death took place at Kilkeel, Co. Down, yesterday of the Rev. James Spence Rutherford, M.A., minister of the Presbyterian Church, Kingstown. Mr. Rutherford was twin son of the late Mr. William Rutherford, a well-known figure in the tea trade in Belfast and an elder in Fisherwick Congregation. He was educated at the Methodist College, Belfast. He graduated B.A. in 1904 from the Queen's College, Belfast, in connection with the Royal University of Ireland, and took his M.A. degree in 1905. His theological course was taken at New College, Edinburgh, and the Presbyterian College, Belfast. In 1910 he was licensed as a probationer for the ministry and became assistant to the Rev. Dr. Workman, of Newtownbreda. Later he joined the R.A.M.C. Subsequently he had charge of Second Comber Church for a period during the absence of the minister on war service, and, on 25th June, 1919, was ordained to the pastorate of Warrenpoint Congregation. After a ministry of great promise here he was called to succeed the late Rev. F. Stuart Gardiner, of Kingstown, and was installed in the latter church on the 24th November, 1927. Mr. Rutherford was chaplain of the Dublin-Scottish Benevolent Society of St. Andrew.

Regret at the death of Mr. Rutherford will be widespread not only within the bounds of his own Congregation, but throughout the entire Presbyterian Church of Ireland. To his own people he was the devoted pastor and to their spiritual welfare he gave of his best. A frequent speaker in the General Assembly, the Synod and the Presbytery, his words were always listened to with marked attention, and he was recognised as a trusted leader and guide. For a time he served as convener of the Augmentation Fund, and not a little of the loyalty which the Presbyterian Church has shown to that important fund was owing to his powerful and persuasive advocacy. In addition, he served as a member of several Assembly committees. For a term he was Moderator of the Dublin Synod, and for a year Moderator of the Presbytery of Dublin. Mr. Rutherford had published several books. In 1914 he wrote "The Seriousness of Life," and in 1928 "The Truth of the Christian Faith." During his recent illness he published a pamphlet entitled, "Learning Through Suffering." He leaves a wife, one daughter and three sons. Mrs. Rutherford is the second daughter of the late Mr. Harford M. Robb, a prominent linen merchant in Belfast. A funeral Service will be held at Fisherwick Church, Belfast, to-morrow at 2 p.m. On Sunday, at 3.30 p.m., Memorial Service will be held in the Presbyterian Church, Kingstown.

DR. E. LYTTELTON

Dr. Edward Lyttelton, 86 years old former Headmaster of Eton, died at the Old Palace, Lincoln, where he had been living with the Bishop of Lincoln. His association with Eton covered nearly half a century, and he was known as "The Brown Man" to everyone there because of his tanned complexion. A Choral Service will be held in Lincoln Cathedral on Thursday, followed by cremation, and the funeral will be at Overstrand, Norfolk, on Friday. Last of a famous family of cricketing brothers, he was the first player to score a century against the Australians. He captained the Cambridge XI. of 1878, the only team to defeat the Australians during their first English tour. Dr. Lyttelton, son of the fourth Lord Lyttelton, was married in 1882 to the daughter of Dr. J. West, Dean of St. Patrick's, Dublin, who died in 1919. There were two daughters.

MR. G. H. MURPHY

Mr. Gerald H. Murphy, whose death has occurred at his residence, Summerhill, Dun Laoghaire, was a former Chairman of the Dalkey Urban Council and very prominent in public affairs in South County Dublin. He was a leading figure in commercial circles in Dublin.

FUNERALS

MR. JAMES TURNBULL

The interment of Mr. James Turnbull, of 21 Ardagh road, Crumlin, took place yesterday in St. Mary's Churchyard, Crumlin, following Service held in the church. The Rev. Walter Burrows, M.A., officiated in the church and at the graveside.

Chief mourners:—Mrs. E. Wright, Mrs. B. Mills, Mrs. V. Feeley (daughters); Mr. J. A. Turnbull (son), Mr. A. J. Turnbull, Mr. G. Wright (grandsons), Mrs. A. Turnbull (daughter-in-law), Mr. S. Wright, Mr. C. Mills, Mr. F. W. Johnston, Mr. A. F. Feeley (sons-in law); Mrs. C. Marsh (sister-in-law), Mr. J. Marsh (brother-in-law).

The attendance included:—Representing the Select Vestry, St. Mary's Parish, Crumlin, Messrs. B. C. O'Toole, T. F. Williamson, W. Pope and R. F. McNeight; Mr. and Mrs. T. R. Cooley, Mr. and Mrs. W. Richardson, Mr. B. Taylor, Mr. and Mrs. W. Parke, Mrs. Hunt, Mrs. Hersey, Mrs. Scott, Dr. Margaret Scott, Mrs. Moonan, Mr. J. J. Johnston, Mr. and Mrs. C. Spencer, Mr. A. Webster, Mr. S. Rourke, Mr. F. J. Barry, Mr. T. Barry, Mrs. Reeves, Mr. G. Taylor, Mr. F. J. Scott, Mr. W. H. Moody, Mr. J. Finnegan, Mr. and Mrs. A. Davy, Mr. J. Stone, Miss M. Stone, Mrs. F. J. McDonnell, Mrs. Jackson, Mr. and Mrs. T. Wright, Mr. G. Wiltshire, Mr. G. Lang, Mr. C. W. Jameson, Mr. J. Nicholls, Mrs. Doran, Miss B. Watchorn, Mr. Gibson, Mr. W. McLoughlin, Captain J. Mahoney, Mr. F. J. Walsh, Mr. W. J. Delaney, Mr. S. Rothwell, Mr. J. F. Myles.

The funeral arrangements were carried out by Messrs. J. and C. Nichols.

MR. A. B. WILKINSON

The funeral of Mr. Adderley Bernard Wilkinson, Skreen Castle, Tara, Co. Meath, took place yesterday at Tara, following Service at the Parish Church, conducted by the Rev. T. W. Benson, Rector.

The chief mourners were:—Mrs. E. I. Wilkinson (widow), Mr. John D. Wilkinson (son), Mr. Hamilton Yeates (son-in-law), Mr. John Wilkinson (cousin).

The attendance included:—Mrs. Shaw, Mr. W. P. Shaw, Mr. Harold Spiro, Mr. J. Spiro, Mr. Briscoe, Mr. W. Knox-Gore, Sir Robert Dillon, Dr. J. Murnane, Mr. and Mrs. Lovat, Mrs. Talbot, Miss Talbot, Mr. P. Reeves-Smyth, Mr. J. P. Cuffe, Mr. J. D. Scully, the Misses Watson, Mr. John Spicer, Mr. Spicer (jun.), Mr. M. McCabe, Mr. S. McKeever, Mr. McKeever (jun.), Mr. W. Corcoran, Mr. C. Maher, Mr. Roundtree, Mr. R. Sheridan, Mr. Bradshaw, Mr. L. Charles, Mr. R. Gillette, Mr. W. J. Keery, Mr. W. Holmes, Mr. M. Hogan, Mr. T. Hogan, Mr. J. Waters, Mr. E. Dunne, Mr. Denis Farrell, Mr. John Connell, Mr. T. Halligan, Mr. W. Hanton, Mr. J. Donnelly, Mr. J. Hilliard, Mr. W. Hilliard, Miss D. Kellett, Miss Holmes, the Rev. Fr. Cooney, the Rev. Fr. McCullan, the Rev. Fr. McManus.

VERY REV. J. TIERNAN

The interment took place yesterday in the grounds of Johnstown (Navan) Church of the Very Rev. John Tiernan, Parish Priest of that parish, after Office and Solemn High Mass, celebrated by the Rev. S. Kenny, C.C.; deacon, the Rev. J. Mooney, C.C.; sub-deacon, the Rev. P. Rooney, C.C.

Chief mourners:—Mr. P. J. Tiernan (brother), Miss E. Tiernan (sister); Messrs. P. J. Tiernan (jun.), J. J. Tiernan, W. P. Tiernan, T. Brannagan, A. Brannagan, B. Brannagan and D. Brannagan (nephews); Miss M. Tiernan, Miss P. Tiernan and Mrs. E. Phillips (nieces); Very Rev. J. Purfield, St. Paul's, Arran quay, Dublin; Very Rev. J. Clinton, P.P., Celbridge; Mr. Patrick Purfield, P.C., Co. C., Gormanstown (cousins).

HANDBAGS LOST

Accused, before District Justice McCann, of stealing twenty-eight handbags, three domestic servants were faced, in the Dublin District Court, yesterday, by fifteen girl witnesses, who gave evidence of having lost their bags in dance halls.

The women in the dock were Josephine Moynihan, aged 24, Corbally, Co. Tipperary; Kathleen Moynihan, aged 25, her sister; Bridie Keany, aged 21, Manorhamilton, Co. Leitrim. The bags and contents varied in value from 10/- to £6 15/-.

The witnesses said in each case that they had left their bags on seats while dancing, and that their bags were missing when they returned.

One witness identified as her own a scarf worn in the dock by one of the accused women. It was handed over.

The accused women were remanded in custody.

STOCK MARKET REPORTS

G.N.R. ISSUES GOOD

DIVIDEND AWAITED

Trading was still only of moderate dimensions on the Dublin Stock Exchange yesterday, and Irish securities were the chief centre of attraction. Home Government Funds continued in request, and there was strong buying of Great Northern Rails pending the dividend statement.

British Industrials held steady.

Second National Loan advanced a further 10/- to 113¾, and the Fourth Loan rose to 104, while Land Bonds issues again tended higher.

Bright conditions prevailed among Home Rails, and Great Northerns were a strong feature. The Ord. jumped 28/- to 153⅜, and the Pref. advanced a point to 36¼. Great Southern Deb. was raised 10/- to 56½.

Switzer Ord. gained several pence at 15/9, but Carroll Pref. and Cement Ord. eased the turn. Independent "B" Ord. fell 2/- to 48/-, but Irish Sugar Pref. and Pollkoff (I.F.S.) Pref. hardened the turn.

OFFICIAL QUOTATIONS

*Odd lot. a asked. b bid. (Previous prices in parentheses.)

GOVERNMENT FUNDS—5 p.c. Second National Loan (113¾) *113¾; 4½ p.c. Third Loan (110⅞) *110⅞; 3½ p.c. Fourth Loan (103⅜) *104; do. (Dead) 103¾; do. (under £200) (103½) 103⅞; 4 p.c. Conversion Loan (under £200) (107⅛) 107¾; ¾ p.c. Financial Agreement (107⅛) 107⅛ 107⅞; 4 p.c. Exchequer Bonds (under £200) (107¼) 107¼; 3¼ p.c. National Security (101) 101 101; do. (Dead) (101) 100⅞; 4½ p.c. Land Bonds (114⅞) 114⅞ 115; do. (under £200) (114⅞) 115; do. New (109½) 109½; 4 p.c. Land Bonds (106) *106½; do. (under £200) (105½) 106; do. (Immature) (103) 103½; 2½ p.c. Consols (82⅞) 82⅞; 3½ p.c War Loan (105) 105⅛; 3½ p.c. Conversion Loan (107¼) 107⅛.

CORPORATION STOCKS—Cork 5 p.c. 1930 Loan 103½; Dublin 3½ p.c. 1955/80 (100) 100b; do. 4 p.c. 1960/85 (105) *105; do. 4 p.c. 1955/60 (103¾) 104; do. 4½ p.c. 1955/77 (106) 106b; Dublin Port and Docks 5 p.c. (109) 109.

BANKS—Bank of Ireland (302) *302; Munster and Leinster (99/-) 99/-; National (36/-) *36/-.

BREWERIES AND DISTILLERIES—Cairnes Pref. (19/-) 19/-; Guinness Ord. (89/6) 90/- 89/6; do. Pref. (151¼) 151¼.

RAILS, TRANSPORT AND GAS—Great Northern Ord. (14⅜) 14¼ 15 15¼ 15⅜; do. Pref. (35¼) 36 36¼ 36¾; do. Guar. (55⅝) 55⅝ 55⅜; do. Deb. (69¼) 69¼; Great Southern Deb. (56) 56⅜ 56½; Dublin Transport "A" Deb. (95) *95; do. 5 p.c. 2nd Deb

AUCTIONS.

JAMES H. NORTH & CO.'S SALES
AT 110 GRAFTON STREET.

TO-DAY (TUESDAY), at 2 p.m.,
ATTRACTIVE GROUND RENTS.

£28 16s. 11d. PER ANNUM, payable in five collections, out of Nos. 1 to 12, inclusive, Upper Beechwood Avenue, Rathmines, held under lease for 816 years unexpired, indemnified against rent and sub-leased for long terms at rents amounting to £28 16s. 11d. P.L.V. £192.

£37 18s. 4d. PER ANNUM, in five collections out of Nos. 15, 16, 61, 62, 63, 64, 68, 69, 70, 71 Upper Beechwood Avenue, and 15 to 19, inclusive, Beechwood Road, Rathmines, held for 816 years unexpired, indemnified against rent, and sub-leased for long terms at rents amounting to £37 18s. 4d. per annum. P.L.V. £272.

£28 15s. 0d. PER ANNUM, in two collections, payable out of Mountainview House, and 1, 2, 3, 3a Mountainview Road, held for 816 years unexpired, indemnified against rent, and sub-leased for long terms at rents amounting to £28 15s. 0d. per annum. P.L.V. £116.
CONDITIONS OF SALE, SHOWING FULL DETAILS OF RENTS AND INDEMNITY, NOW READY.

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CASTLENAU, HERBERT AVENUE, MERRION.

Double-fronted, semi-detached House, with possession. Convenient situation, close to tram line. Good garden and tennis court. Accommodation: Drawingroom, dining-room with front and back window, three bedrooms, bathroom, cloakroom, w.c., breakfast room, servants' room, kitchen and scullery. A bright, sunny house. Held from Pembroke estate for unexpired term of 79 years, subject to £11 per annum till 1961, and thereafter to £9 per annum.

RYAN & O'BRIEN, Solicitors, 35 Stephen's Green, North.

SALE TO-DAY AND TO-MORROW, at 12 o'c.,
PRIORSLAND, CARRICKMINES,

TO-DAY—LIBRARY, BACK AND FRONT HALLS AND BEDROOMS AND MUSIC ROOM, etc., to Lot 635. ALSO DIAMOND STAR AND EARRINGS.
WEDNESDAY—MISCELLANEOUS, including BOOKS, LINEN, OUTDOOR EFFECTS, KITCHEN, etc.—Lot 636 to end of Sale.
Priorsland adjoins Carrickmines Railway Station and is about five minutes' walk from the terminus of the Foxrock 'bus.

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SCANNELL'S AUCTIONS.

SALE OF EXTENSIVE COLLECTION OF HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, CARPETS, ROYAL TYPEWRITER, BERKEL SLICER, REMOVED FROM BLACKROCK, AND FOR OTHER ACCOUNTS, on TO-MORROW (WEDNESDAY) and THURSDAY, 28th and 29th, as follows:—A number of High-class Bedroom Suites in Wal. and Mah., with Beds and Mattresses; handsome Chippendale Dining Table, with Set of 6 Chairs to match; 8 Oak and Mah. Sideboards with mirror backs, 12 Extending Dining Tables in Mah. and Oak, Sets of Chairs in Hide; a number of Parlour Suites, various coverings; 6 very fine Bookcases Roll-top Desk 2 Office Knechole Desks, 3-Pce. Chesterfield Suites in Hide and Moquette, Inlaid Occasional Tables and Chairs, 2 Moorish Coffee Tables, Shaving Stand, Display Cabinets, about 350 Miscellaneous Furniture, odd Wardrobes, Hallstands; Hall Tables in Oak and Mah., with Cnds.; Chests of Drawers, Oval and Round Tables, Brass and Iron Bedsteads, Brass Fenders, Overmantels, Ladies' and Gent's Cycles, Cots and Mattresses, Stretcher Beds, Kit. Tables and Dressers, Dressing Tables and Toilet Glasses, etc.; a number of good Second-hand Carpets, in various sizes; Garden Tools and Flower Stands, Pictures, Bric-a-Brac, Royal Typewriter (brief sizes). Sale at 1 o'clock each day. On View To-day.

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KILMER, HILL-OF-DOWN.

SALE OF SURPLUS FURNITURE, TWO TRACTORS, MACHINERY, POULTRY ETC.

I HAVE been favoured with instructions from A. S. Montgomery, Esq. (owing to modernising and alterations in his residence), to Sell by Public Auction at Kilmer, Hill-of-Down, on THURSDAY, JANUARY 29th, 1942, a large collection of Household Furniture and other effects, including: 2 Double Beds, 4 Single Beds, 3 Wardrobes, 2 Chests Drawers, Piano, Bookcase, 2 Children's Cots with Mattresses, 4 Wash Stands, 12 Tables, various sizes; Dressing Table, 2 dozen Chairs, 2 Armchairs, 3 Towel Rails, Mattresses, Deck Chairs, 40 Pictures, large Kitchen Dresser, Meat Safe, odd Ching and Plate, Curtains, Hearth Rugs, Mats, a quantity of Linen, including Table Cloths; Blankets, Pillow Slips, Trunks, also several other ornaments and miscellaneous articles.

OUTDOOR EFFECTS—Fordson Tractor on rubbers, Ford Ferguson Tractor, Rubber Tyres with Plough (1941); 2 Cock Shutt Tractor Ploughs, 1 Oliver Tractor Plough, 2 Four-ton Tractor Trailers (solid wheels), 3 Coupling, 30 cwt. Fordson Lorry, new tyres, engine rebored; Tractor Chain Harrow, Mowing Machine, Pierce Plough, Hornsby Plough, 1 pair Tractor Wheels with grips, 1 Pony's Round Trap, by Doyle, on rubber; 1 Pony's back-to-back Trap, 2 Corn Bins, Wollesley Slipping Machine, selection of Beehives, Single Horse Box Trailer (new tyres), 1 Rear Axle for 14-9 Ford with new 450.18 Pneumatic Tyres, Corn Drill, Horse Float, Woods Mowing Machine, Cultivator, Horse's Cart with Railings, Pony's Cart on rubber tyres, Oil Cake Crusher, quantity of Larch Paling Posts, Fire Wood Blocks, 9" and 10" Ash and Beech, in lots to suit purchasers, Machinery and Tractors all in perfect working order.

POULTRY—100 White Wyandotte and Rhode Island Hens, 50 Cross-bred Pullets (laying), 3 Poultry Houses, 11' x 14'; Chicken Houses, 7' x 7'; 2 Night Arks, Hen Coops, Brooders, Feeding Troughs, Net Wire, etc. The Hens will be Sold in Lots of Six.

PIGS—Two large York Sows with Litters of (10 and 11) month old at foot.

Sale at 11 a.m. (new time). Commencing with the Furniture. Tractors and Machinery will be Sold at 2 p.m

Kilmer is 2 miles from Ballivor Village. Trains arrives 10.45 a.m.; departs, 3 p.m.

T. E. POTTERTON, M.I.A.A., Auctioneer, ATHBOY, CO. MEATH.

SALE THIS DAY, AT 12 NOON.

'ADAM'S SALEROOMS,
19 STEPHEN'S GREEN, NORTH.

AUCTION SALE OF SUPERIOR FURNITURE, PIANOS, WIRELESS SETS, CARPETS, PICTURES, BOOKS, CHINA, VALUABLE DIAMOND RINGS, GOLD AND SILVER ARTICLES, PLATED WARE, DENTIST'S CHAIR AND EQUIPMENT, TYPEWRITER, SAFE, VAC. CLEANER, AND NUMEROUS OTHER HOUSEHOLD AND PERSONAL EFFECTS On View before Sale. Auction starts To-day at 12 o'clock prompt, and continues To-morrow.

JAMES ADAM & SONS
AUCTIONEERS AND VALUERS, M.I.A.A., 17 MERRION ROW AND 19 STEPHEN'S GREEN.

STORE CATTLE SALE,
TO-MORROW (Wednesday), IN OUR SALE PADDOCKS, 63/65 PRUSSIA STREET, DUBLIN, AT 11 O'CLOCK SHARP.

GANLY & SONS.

STORE CATTLE SALE.
TO-MORROW (Wednesday), At 11 a.m.

Entries include aged Bullocks and Heifers, well-bred young stock, etc.; also 20 Ewes, stocked with Suffolk ram.

CRAIGIE BROS.,
37 PRUSSIA STREET, DUBLIN.

Great Care is taken that Advertisements published in this Paper appear correctly, but no liability is taken for any ERROR in or Omission of any Advertisement. The Proprietors Reserve the Right to Omit or Alter any Advertisement, no matter where or by whom executed.
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Acceptance of Advertisements is not guaranteed for any particular day.
Money Orders, Notes, ORIGINAL Testimonials or other documents should not be enclosed with replies to Advertisements.

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32 Words or under, 1/6; 1½d. per Word afterwards.
Advertisements not Contrary to our Classification, 1/- per line.
Advertisements in the "Irish Times" can be repeated in either the "Times Pictorial" or the "Irish Field" at Half Price.
Box Office Address counts as 3 words if replies are to be called for at Head Office; on if they are to be sent by post or called for at any Branch Office as 4 words. Postage on replies extra.
Advertisements, not prepaid, one shilling per line minimum. 3/- per insertion.

LOST AND FOUND.

FOUND, 15th inst., Gold and Pearl Memorial Brooch, with inscription.—E 396, this office.

LOST, Monday, Purse money, keys, rail ticket (single).—E 393, this office.

LOST on night of Friday, January 23rd, in Dublin, Gold Bracelet, set pearls and turquoise. Good reward.—Miss Kavanagh, Borris House, Co. Carlow.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

A COMPETENT all round CHEF REQUIRED for first class hotel; capable of all dishes and be a good carver. Apply, stating experience, age, wages required, "Z 3314, Chef," this office.

A ASSISTANT BOOK-KEEPER REQUIRED, must be good typist; hotel experience essential. Apply, with copies of references, to the Manager, Wicklow Hotel, Dublin. 26 C

A HOUSEBOY WANTED, also to work in garden; good character essential.—E 341, this office.

A USEFUL HELP, C.I., WANTED by lady, with beautiful home in country; state all particulars and salary. Address "Z 3374, Help," this office. 26 D

A ASSISTANT BOOK-KEEPER REQUIRED, must be good typist; hotel experience essential. Apply, with copies of references, to the Manager, Wicklow Hotel, Dublin. 26 C

A HOUSEBOY WANTED, also to work in garden; good character essential.—E 341, this office.

A USEFUL HELP, C.I., WANTED by lady, with beautiful home in country; state all particulars and salary. Address "Z 3374, Help," this office. 26 D

A FOOTMAN; £40, livery; nobleman's establishment, near Dublin.—E 351, this office.

BOOKKEEPER REQUIRED, with practical experience and competent to handle complete set of accounts; applications stating references, age, experience and salary expected.—E 324, this office. 24 B

BOY (15-16), Club, Northern, required; small, smart appearance; bright, intelligent, honest; good home, wages. Address "Z 3378, Boy," this office.

CARETAKER (Man and Wife) REQUIRED for City Office; character must bear investigation; applications with copies of testimonials, E 371, this office. 24 C

COMPETENT HOUSEKEEPER REQUIRED for Dublin Suburban Residence.—Box 1772, Irish Times Branch Office, Cork. 26 C

GARDENER, under 25, for Shrubbery and Flower Garden; 2 boys employed; state wages required.—Box 1771, Irish Times Branch Office, Cork. 26 C

SITUATIONS VACANT CONTINUED.

GROCERY, Wholesale and Retail — WANTED, capable young MAN, 6 years' experience, high-class business, southern town; must be well educated; good appearance and address; send copies of references, religion, salary, outdoor. Address "Z 3327, Man," this office. 23 C

HAIRDRESSING—APPRENTICE WANTED for high class city salon; small fee.—E 335, this office.

ORGANIST and CHOIRMASTER WANTED for Holy Trinity Church, Rathmines; salary £50. Apply F. Wright, Fairlawn, Dalkey. 26 C

PROTESTANT COUPLE REQUIRED to take charge of Communal Diningroom; flat, board, light, heat; good wages; no Sunday work. Apply, stating age and send copies of testimonials, E 288, this office. 26 C

REQUIRED for city Commercial Firm, JUNIOR TYPIST; previous office experience and arithmetical proficiency essential; commencing remuneration 30/- weekly, with prospects. Reply, enclosing references, to E 318, this office.

SALESWOMAN REQUIRED for Ladies' Knitwear Department; good opportunity for experienced and smart person; give full particulars.—E 248, this office. 23 X

SEED Trade.—WANTED, young MAN with experience in the Horticultural seed trade. Apply, giving full particulars and salary expected, to R. Allan and Son (Ballymena), Ltd., Ballymena, Co. Antrim. 26 D

WANTED at KITCHEN CHARGE HAND for city hotel; state age, experience, enclose copies; Protestant. — E 205, this office. 23 B

WANTED, an experienced CASHIER-BOOKKEEPER-TYPIST for a large residential Hotel in Co. Cork; able to prepare books for audit and knowledge of estate work an advantage. Address "Z 3316, Cashier," this office. 25 C

WANTED for first class Hotel near Dublin, experienced BOOKKEEPER; dispense and typewriting; copies references. Address "Z 3335, Bookkeeper," this office. 25 B

WANTED immediately, LADY COMPANION HELP, C.I., for Armagh; one lady; interview Dublin. Apply with full particulars, phone 83018—E 395, this office. 26 O

WANTED, young LADY (Protestant), MOTHER'S HELP; one child, 2 years; small house; Dun Laoghaire.—E 346, this office.

WANTED, young MAN, C. of I., for HOUSEWORK (indoor) in Institute.—E 369, this office.

YOUNG NURSERY GOVERNESS COMPANION (Protestant) REQUIRED, R.C. NURSE or MOTHER'S HELP in charge of two grown children and bedrooms; good laundress, needlewoman, essential; state age, copies references; £40.—E 390, this office.

WANTED, GIRL, from 2.30 to 6 p.m., take out baby; Protestant preferred.—741, Irish Times Branch Office, Dun Laoghaire.

YOUNG, experienced TRAINED NURSE; also one child; good needlewoman, knitter, essential.—E 348, this office. 26 E

EMPLOYMENT WANTED.

COOK requires post, hotel, restaurant, canteen, etc.; excellent references.—E 343, this office.

EXPERIENCED Butler seeks Employment; Eire or Northern Ireland; can be highly recommended. Address "Z 3372, Butler," this office.

GENTLEMAN, hard worker, knowledge of all Farm and Dairy Work, would like to work on farm; small wage, in return for good Catholic home.—E 273, this office. 24 S

GENERAL Assistant, hotel, Dublin, city or suburbs.—E 338, this office.

GENTLEWOMAN requires post in housekeeping, hotel or catering establishment; experience 3 years housekeeping, 41 years confectionery sales.—E 265, this office. 26 D

HOTEL Housemaid; good references.—E 203, this office.

HOUSEKEEPER or Cook General; bachelor or widower; near Dublin or Northern Ireland. Address "Z 3379, Housekeeper," this office.

HOUSEKEEPER or useful Help, good cook; excellent papers; go England.—E 349, this office.

LADY Companion Help, R.C., middle-aged, in return for comfortable home, pocket money; Dublin.—E 5, this office. 24 C

LADY wants position as Companion Help.—E 321, this office.

MOTHER'S Help or Housemaid Waitress.—E 310, this office. 24 B

MIDDLE-AGED Woman would go as Mother's Help to nice family; no previous experience; only where another maid kept.—E 394, this office.

MRS. Henry highly recommends her Cook, Grocer, 2 children, married; understands hunters.—Henry, Ardlui, Newtown avenue, Blackrock.

MARRIED Couple, House Parlourman and Cook General; long reference; go anywhere. Address "Z 3370, Couple," this office. 26 C

MOTHER'S Help or General; good reference.—E 284, this office.

QUALIFIED Male Bookkeeper desires post; first class certificates; commencing salary 15/- weekly.—E 393, this office.

REFINED person, Housekeep, one gentleman; all duties; well recommended.—E 37, this office 21 B

RESPECTABLE, well educated Youth desires Clerical work or position of trust; obliging and willing.—E 334, this office.

TYPIST, knowledge bookkeeping, shorthand, experienced, seeks post.—E 344, this office.

YOUNG Man (24), Leaving Cert., Clerk, Bookkeeper, Cashier, Secretary. Address "Z 3300, Clerk," this office.

YOUNG Man, C.I., wishes vacancy in Garden, or Assist Gardener; experience.—E 206, this office.

YOUTH, age 16 years, 6 ft., smart appearance, holding Intermediate Honours Certificate, wishes to hear of Clerical Vacancy, with prospects future advancement.—E 354, this office.

AGENCIES.

REPRESENTATIVE, with good connection, covering Eire in car, requires Agencies.—E 290, this office.

LEGAL APPOINTMENTS.

WANTED to Purchase, Solicitor's Practice, town or country.—E 323, this office. 26 D

EDUCATION, TUITIONS, ETC.

ALL Professional and University Preliminaries, Oral and Correspondence.—McGuire's College, Gardiner's Row. T

FRENCH Lessons, Conversations and Grinds, Mlle. Giudicelli, 18 Stephen's Green (Second Floor). 6 T

GOVERNMENT Shorthand-Typists, Writing Assistants, Learners' Examinations, Day and Night Courses.—MacNally's College, Grafton street (over Knowles). T

VERY experienced Governess (R.C.), can teach elementary and advanced lessons, seeks vacancy. Address "Z 3313, Governess," this office. 25 B

GOVERNESSES AND TUTORS WANTED.

QUALIFIED SUBSTITUTE (C. of I.) WANTED for Primary School. Apply Canon Talbot, New Ross. 26 C

SUBSTITUTE urgently REQUIRED for Moyne National School. Apply Manager, Moyne Rectory, Ballinglen, Co. Wicklow. 24 B

SUBSTITUTE for Principal Teacher (Church of Ireland) WANTED immediately for County National School. Apply to Rev. L. Robinson, Avoca, Co. Wicklow. 25 D

WANTED, NURSERY GOVERNESS, preferably French native speaker, one child, 7½, country; interview, Dublin now. Address "Z 3366, Governess," this office.

WANTED, experienced R.C. GOVERNESS; good piano and usual subjects; country; salary and copies references. Address "Z 3306, Governess," this office. 26 C

WANTED, adaptable Protestant GOVERNESS, to teach boy, aged 6; experience P.N.E.U. preferred; particulars, salary, and copies testimonials. Address "Z 3366, Governess," this office.

WANTED for Doctor's Son, nine years, excellent Home, where P.N.E.U. or other Tuition available; Wicklow preferred; full particulars, first letter. Address "Z 3360, Home," this office.

MEDICAL, NURSING AND APPOINTMENTS.

EXPERIENCED Nurse Companion or Nurse Attendant; doctor's reference.—E 281, this office.

NIGHT SISTER REQUIRED for small Hospital, County Dublin.—Q 1, Apply, copies testimonials, E 190, this office. 23 B

TRAINED Nurse Attendant disengaged; experienced (confidential); nerve, mental, epileptic, chronic or heart case.—E 347, this office. 26 C

MONEY, PARTNERSHIPS, INVESTMENTS, ETC.

CASH ADVANCED
FROM £20 UPWARDS.
V. Boland, Ltd.,
88 Charlemont Street, Dublin
WITH OR WITHOUT SECURITY.

LOANS GRANTED DAILY TO ANY PART OF IRELAND
£20 to £5,000
With or Without Security.
NATIONAL FINANCE CO., Ltd.,
53 Mid. Abbey St., Dublin. 'Phone 43750

ACCOUNTANCY Practice for Sale; Dublin (gross fees £500); suit young accountant.—E 358, this office.

CASH Advances, £25 to £5,000, with or without security.—The Dublin Finance Corporation, Ltd., 6 Westmoreland street, Dublin. 'Phone 21257. T

£10 AND Upwards Advanced without security.—Central Trust, Ltd., 17 Clare street, Dublin. T

DOMESTICS WANTED.

RELIABLE GIRL WANTED, Housework; charge 6 months' baby during mother's—teacher—absence; quiet, country place. Reply, with particulars, Preston, 37 Irwin Crescent, Belfast.

WANTED, WORKING HOUSEKEEPER (Protestant); two adults; good, plain cooking essential; highly recommended.—E 368, this office. 26 D

GENERAL SERVANTS WANTED.

CAN lady recommend partly trained young GENERAL for city; duties not heavy; nurse housemaid helps; good home for neat and willing girl. Ring 63718; or E 288, this office.

EXCELLENT position for settled General, two adults, County Wicklow; good plain cooking essential; £26. Particulars and copies references, "Z 3323, General," this office. 23 B

EXPERIENCED GENERAL; must be well recommended; adult family, North side. E 339, this office.

EXPERIENCED GENERAL; good wages; small family. Apply 26 Garville avenue, Rathgar.

GENERAL MAID WANTED, small house, 3 adults North Wales; send copies references; good wages to suitable person. Interview Dublin.—E 350, this office. 26 C

GENERAL WANTED, housework, help, 3 school children, Stonybrook; references (copies).—E 301, this office.

GENERAL, experienced; modern house; two young children; small washing; £32 to £36.—24 Richmond avenue, Monkstown.

PARTLY trained, respectable GENERAL; all duties. Apply 5 Rathdown Park, Terenure, after 7.30.

WANTED for South side, young, superior GENERAL, good cook, all duties; indoor. Apply to 16 Wicklow street for particulars with references.

YOUNG GENERAL, all duties; good wages, comfortable home; couple kept. Apply Poynton, Derryreigh, Stillorgan road, Blackrock, opposite Booterstown avenue. 26 C

COOKS AND DAIRYMAIDS WANTED.

A SUPERIOR COOK GENERAL WANTED, small family, Foxrock; must be first class cook and highly recommended; 2 in family kept. 'Phone R4314 or E 252, this office. 24 B

A COOK or COOK GENERAL WANTED; must be good cook and well recommended; Stillorgan road.—E 342, this office.

COOK GENERAL REQUIRED for modern house, safe area, West of England; wages £70; good references essential.—Matron, Irish Times Agency.

WANTED, experienced COOK GENERAL; must be well recommended, domesticated; and trustworthy; family two adults, two children, Castleknock, Co. Dublin; good home for suitable person; copies references essential. E 327, this office.

WANTED, first class COOK GENERAL; also SCULLERY MAID, for school in Dublin.—E 389, this office.

WANTED, COOK and H.P. MAID, either or both, for 3 ladies, near Bristol. Reply, stating wages and references, to Mrs. Wentworth, Shibbcombe Hill House, Duralley, Glos. 26 C

WANTED, superior COOK HOUSEKEEPER, Protestant preferred; 3 adults; 2 other maids; £50-£55. Address "Z 3377 Cook," this office. 26 C

WANTED, two superior type GIRLS, as COOK GENERAL, and NURSE HOUSEMAID. Call, 16 Villiers road, Rathgar.

HOUSE AND PARLOURMAIDS WANTED.

FEBRUARY 2nd—Young HOUSE PARLOURMAID; must be well recommended. Apply by letter, or call after six, Mrs. O'Farrell, Park House, Booterstown. 23 X

WANTED, tidy PARLOURMAID; state wages; bicycle essential; send references. Miss Sherlock, Sherlockstown, Sallins. 24 C

WANTED, experienced HOUSE PARLOURMAID, over 25, willing to attend elderly lady; must be well recommended; Chapelizod.—E 222, this office.

WANTED, for England, quiet country house, two friends, as HOUSE PARLOURMAID and HOUSEMAID, country girl; family three. Address "Z 3336, Maids," this office.

WANTED, young, experienced HOUSE PARLOURMAID for Shankill, and later Bray. Apply, by letter, P. F., Chantilly, Shankill.

WANTED HOUSE PARLOURMAID, family 4; send reference.—Ashbrook, Ashtown, Co. Dublin.

NURSES WANTED.

A NURSE or Mother's Help, for Northern Ireland; 2 children, 4 and 2½ years.—Miss Clarke's Reg., 33 Dawson street.

WANTED, experienced NURSE, boys one and seven years, near Holyhead.—E 398, this office.

WANTED, nice country GIRL to train as NURSERY HOUSEMAID; 10 miles Dublin; girl from orphanage might suit; £24. Address 3385, Girl," this office.

WANTED, Dublin, superior, experienced, middle-aged NURSE or MOTHER'S HELP; charge of two grown children and bedrooms; good laundress, needlewoman, essential; state age, copies references; £40.—E 390, this office.

WANTED, GIRL, from 2.30 to 6 p.m., take out baby; Protestant preferred.—741, Irish Times Branch Office, Dun Laoghaire.

YOUNG, experienced TRAINED NURSE; also one child; good needlewoman, knitter, essential.—E 348, this office. 26 E

DOMESTICS DISENGAGED.
GENERAL SERVANTS DISENGAGED.

A GENERAL Help; good reference.—E 265, this office.

A GENERAL daily; indoor; good papers. E 314, this office.

COUNTRY Girl, 18, wishes to train as G General; excellent character, references; Sutton or North suburbs preferred.—E 326, this office.

DAILY General, city; good reference; Saturday and Sunday excepted.—E 266, this office.

EXPERIENCED General, city, suburbs; good references.—E 259, this office.

EXPERIENCED General; good references.—E 282, this office.

GENERAL, experienced; good references; city, suburbs; adults.—E 262, this office.

GENERAL disengaged; good reference.—E 267, this office.

GENERAL, good plain cooking; indoor, outdoor; South side preferred.—E 315, this office.

GENERAL, plain cooking, hotel experience; private adult family.—E 303, this office.

SETTLED General, or General; 2 adults; good cook; long references.—E 257, this office.

YOUNG, experienced General disengaged.—E 254, this office.

YOUNG General, Mother's Help, or Nurse-maid; city, suburbs.—E 286, this office.

YOUNG General, good cook; excellent references.—E 317, this office.

YOUNG General, shortly; small adult family, Dublin.—E 256, this office.

YOUNG General, disengaged; good references. E 258, this office.

YOUNG General, untrained; city, suburbs.—E 261, this office.

YOUNG General, partly trained.—E 283, this office.

YOUNG General, some experience; city preferred.—E 264, this office.

YOUNG General, R.C.; two years' references; recommended.—32 Quarry road, Cabra.

COOKS AND DAIRYMAIDS DISENGAGED

COOK General requires situation; very good cook; references; city or suburbs.—E 280, this office. 24 B

COOK General, small family.—E 307, this office.

COOK General, excellent long references; £36-£40.—E 260, this office.

COOK, Cook General; good references; city, suburbs.—E 312, this office.

COOK or Cook General; long references.—E 285, this office.

COOK General or Housekeeper, where boy (7) not objected, or as Married Couple; husband generally useful.—E 304, this office.

COOK or Cook General, settled; good references; recommended; active; moderate wages.—E 345, this office.

SUPERIOR Cook; go anywhere; well recommended.—E 316, this office.

SETTLED Cook General, city, suburbs; well recommended.—E 302, this office.

YOUNG Cook General or General, small family; first class cook; good wages expected.—E 311, this office.

NURSES DISENGAGED.

NURSE or Housekeeper, experienced and trained.—E 309, this office.

YOUNG, experienced Children's Nurse (Viennese) disengaged; best references. If required, German lessons.—E 329, this office. 26 C

HOUSE AND PARLOURMAIDS DISENGAGED.

ENGLAND—Housemaid Waitress seeks work. E 313, this office.

HOUSEMAID, some experience; good reference; city, suburbs.—E 287, this office.

KITCHEN, LAUNDRY, ETC., DISENGAGED.

LAUNDRY or Housework Wanted; good references.—E 308, this office.

OPTICIANS.

HEADACHES? Maybe your Eyes are to Blame. Make sure by consulting Geo. Prescott and Son, 18 Upper O'Connell street (next Savoy), Dublin. X

SCIENTIFIC Sight Testing—Arthur F. Williams, F.S.M.C., Optician (successor to Chancellor and Son), 10 Lower Abbey street, Dublin. 26 X

PRAMS.

A FIRST class selection of Baby Cots and Prams, at Paddy Barrett's, 253B Mary street. 19 A

PRAMS are still available and cheaper at Barron's, 1 North Earl street, Dublin. T

WATCHES, REPAIRS, JEWELLERY.

GOLD Articles, also Diamond Set Jewellery, Wanted at once; highest prices paid; cost paper sent; attended to.—Jamieson and Co., Ltd., 40 Henry street, Dublin.

GOLD—Bensons require 100 ozs. per week to fulfil contracts. Highest market value guaranteed. Parcel returned if offer unacceptable. Send registered post to Bensons, 51/52 Mary street, Dublin. 27 19

LADY would Purchase Diamond Engagement Ring; particulars, price, privately. E 272, this office. 24 B

TIMBER.

ADVERTISER is open to Purchase large quantity Standing Timber—spruce, Fir, Larch, Lime, Scrow, Ash and Poplar.—Address "Z 3209, Timber," this office. T

TIMBER Wanted, standing or felled, principally in soft woods; state quantities, area and price. Address "Z 2208, Timber," this office. T

MOTOR CARS.

AUSTIN 10 De Luxe, 1940, as new, £325; Austin 10 de Luxe, 1937, perfect order, new tyres, £155; Austin 12 De Luxe, 1935, £75.—Pearson's Garage, 1A Earlsfort terrace. 24 B

AUSTIN 7 Tourer, new tyres, good appearance; £25.—Pearson's Garage, 1A Earlsfort terrace. 24 B

AUSTIN Twelve Saloon, 1937, September, in splendid condition. Seen by appointment; 21920.

CITROEN 15 h.p. new November, 1940, only run 900 miles, price £450; also new Hooded Trailer, with three new tyres, £45; seen by appointment.—E 340, this office. 26 D

DODGE Saloon, 1938, leather upholstery, wireless, taxed March, £200; Peugeot 12 De Luxe Saloon, mileage 6,000, £120. Pearson's Garage, 1A Earlsfort terrace. 24 B

FOR Sale, Armstrong Car and two horse Trailer, at Kilbarrack House, Sutton.

SALE, 1937 8 h.p. Ford Saloon, new pistons, unused 1941.—Bomford, Kilmainham Kells Meath. T

VAUXHALL, 14 h.p., completely overhauled, recellulosed, tyres perfect, with Prodnose Plate. Best offer.—Madden's Garage, Adelaide road, Dublin. 23 B

1939 VAUXHALL, 12 h.p. Saloon; 16,000 miles; as new; 35 m.p.g.; guaranteed.—E 236, this office. 23 B

1938 FORD V.8, 30 h.p., new engine, re-cellulose, very good tyres; 1938 Chrysler Royal, spotless condition, new tyres; 1936 Chrysler 7 Seater Limousine, very good tyres, excellent general condition.—20 Kildare street. 'Phone 62743. 26 C

MOTOR CARS WANTED.

WANTED, Chrysler or Packard Saloon, not later than 1939. Give price and full particulars to E. O'Neill and Co., Oldcastle. 23 B

WANTED, Austin, 10 or 12 h.p.; not earlier than '37; or Ford Prefect. 'Phone 92487.

CARAVANS, TRAILERS.

WANTED, 2 Berth Trailer Caravan, fortnight, August; give full particulars.—E 388, this office. 26 D

ACCESSORIES, TYRES, ETC.

FOR Sale, Gas Producer, French manufacture, burning charcoal and peat, fitted to Austin 16; excellent performance; any trial; £90.—Box No. 300, Irish Times Branch Office, Limerick. 23 X

FOR Sale, a Set of 1940 Fordson Wheels, nearly almost new, £30. Apply Jim Lynch, Bairath, Abbey, Meath.

FOR Sale, 3 750 x 85 New B.E. Dunlop Tyre Covers, 26 x 2 New B.E. Heavy Dunlop Motor Cycle Cover. Address "Z 3375, Covers," this office.

GARAGE ACCOMMODATION AND REPAIRS

WANTED, large Garage, water, electric light and power (3-phase); suitable for charging electric vans; preferably North side city. Address "Z 3299, Garage," this office. 23 C

SPECIFIC ARTICLES.

ALL Waterproof Covers for carts, vans, threshers, lorries; Rick Covers, Sacks, Bags; best terms.—Coleman, 21-25 Chancery lane.

AT Duffy's—Baby's Rubber Pants, 1/-; Untearable, 1/6d.—Thomas street, Dublin. T

ASK Duffy's for estimate for your Window Blinds. Every colour and size in stock. 'Bus 21 stops at door.—42, 43, 44, 45, 46 Thomas street, Dublin.

COVERS for ricks, carts, threshers, lorries; Tarpaulins, Sacks.—P. & I. Brothers, Limited, 36 Usher's quay, Dublin. T

DUBLIN-8 Best Firelogs! Nice, small, Ash, Beech, Oak, 60/- ton; 50/- twenty bags; 27/6 ten bags; delivered anywhere.—O'Rourke, 171 Clontarf road. 8 22

SAFE, Fire and Thief Resisting, by best makers; any make bought or taken in part payment 'Phone 22949.—Boni, 4 Cecilia street. 20 3

SAFES, New and Secondhand, all makes and sizes; also Steel Helmets.—Miller's Safe Co., Dawson street, Dublin. Phone 61671. T

SPECIFIC ARTICLES WANTED.

AMAZINGLY high cash prices paid Cast Off Clothing. Postcard or 'phone 21567 brings lady or gentleman representative.—Joe, 20 North King street, Dublin. 20 T

CASH Register, suit hotel bar.—E 299, this office.

WANTED, Cash Register, good condition; where seen. Address "Z 3309, Register," this office.

WANTED, Coffee Roaster, 14 lb. capacity; 2nd hand, but in good working order.—Farrell, Castlecomer, Kilkenny. 26 D

JERSEYS for Sale—One pure-bred Cow, not registered, in full milk; one three-quarter-bred Cow, fresh calved; each correct.—John McCaldin, Monaghan. 23 B

DOGS.

FOR Sale, Irish Wolfhound Bitch, 23 months, fully trained, house and sheep; both pedigree.—O'Neill, "Tomgar," Ballycanew, Gorey.

WANTED, Puppy, about three months, Labrador, Springer, Water Spaniel. Apply to 17 Fitzwilliam Place. 23 B

HIGH-GRADE SEED WHEATS

Reclaimed and Conditioned.

PAJBERG,
QUEEN WILHELMINA,
SQUARE HEAD MASTER.

Samples and Prices by Return Post.

DRUMMONDS
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